Bush seeks help from lawmakers

WASHINGTON (R) — President Basin, searching for ways to deal with the budget deficit, gave legislative leaders an overview of his agenda Tuesday as the White House sought to dampen the new administration's first controversy. The flap was started by a report that Dr. Louis Sullivan, Bush's nominee to be health secretary, was out of step with the president on Bush's nominee to be health secretary, was out of step with the president on the issue of abortion. "There's only one view — the president's view, "White House spokesman Mariin Fitzwater said, referring to Bush's statement to anti-abortion groups Monday that he hoped the supreme court would overturn a 1973 decision legalising abortion. The New York Times reported Tuesday that Sullivan, Rush's only black cabinet nominee, had told lawmakers that he does not want the decision reversed. Sullivan reportedly said that he opposes public funding of abortion, but supports a woman's right to have the procedure. Sullivan was almost passed over for Bush's cabinet last month when questions arose about his views on the woman's right to have the procedure. Shinvan was almost passed over nor Bush's cabinet last month when questions arose about his views on the emotional issue, but Fitzwater said Bush had no regrets about naming him and would stand behind the nomination. Top Senate Republicans said they expected Sallivan to be confirmed,

Colume 14 Number 3994

AMMAN WEDNESDAY JANUARY 25, 1989, JUMADA AL AQIRA 17, 1409

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

King begins Saudi visit for talks on Arab issues

DAMMAM (Agencies) — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday began a working visit to Saudi Arabia for talks with King Fahd Ibn Abdul Aziz on the latest developments and issues of mutual concern to the Arab World.

The Jordan News Agency, members, senior civil and Petra, said the visit comes military officials, the Saudi within the framework of the constant consultations and coordination between the two Saudi Arabia.

Saudi Defence and Aviation Minister Prince Sultan Ibn Abdul Aziz, Foreign Minister puty Prime Minister and Fore-Prince Sand Al Faisal, Eastern Province Governor Prince Mohammad Ibn Fahd, Prince Sultan Ibn Salman cabinet

ambassador to Jordan and the Jordanian ambassador to

Arab leaders.

King Hussem is a King Hussem in the Visit by Prime in the Visit by Prime in the Visit by King Fahd, Minister Zaid Rifai, Royal Marshal Court Chief Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, Deign Minister Marwan Al Qasem and the King's special advisor Amer Khammash.

departure from Amman by His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein, who was earlier sworn in as Regent, the King's political advisor Adnan Abu Odeb. Cabinet members, senior civil and military officials as well as the Saudi charge d'affaires in

Following the welcoming ceremony, King Hussein and King Fand drove to the nearby Abdul Aziz air base where they watched a flypast by Saudi air force jets.

Reports here said the two leaders' talks were expected to cover the latest developments in the Middle East and the Arab and international The King was seen off upon scenes.



His Majesty King Hussein with King Fahd Ibn Abdul Aziz of Sandi Arabia in Dhahran Tuesday (photo above). His Majesty is seen off on departure from Amman earlier Tuesday by His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah Ibu Al Hussein (Petra photos)



Rabin considers new anti-uprising tactics

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Israeli Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin said Tuesday he was considering barring Palestinians who took part in protests from working in Israe

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He told members of a parliamentary committee that Palestinians earned some \$600 million a year from jobs in

"We are treating it as a privilege, not a right," participants at the meeting of the foreign affairs and defence committee quoted Rabin as

About 105,000 Palestinians are employed in Israel, more

ertiflery for two consecutive hours.

EEC seeks PLO reactions

than half of them unregistered, according to the Labour ministry.

Responding to criticism of the army's newly-relaxed criteria for firing at protestes, which has led to record casualties, Rabin told parliamentarians that troops must order "suspects" to halt and then fire at the lower part of the body if they disobeyed.

Palestinian sources said troops shot and wounded at least seven protesters, including two women and a 12-yearold boy, in the Gaza Strip as dusinesses throughout the occupied territories closed Tuesday.

LAST-MINUTE NEWS

TYRE (AP) - Three Israeli-alfied Lebanese militiamen were killed

and four others wounded when a bomb went off under their vehicle as they were patrolling in Israel's self-proclaimed "security zone" in South Lebanon Tuesday, police said. They said a mine was detonated mader an American-made armoured personnel carrier of the South Lebanon Army (SLA) at mid-day near the vilinge of Kantara, 26

kilometres east of the southern port of Tyre. Police said the SLA retailated by shelling nearby Kabrikha village with mortars and

BRUSSELS (AP) — European Economic Community (EEC) foreign ministers will seek Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Clasir-man Yesser Arafat's reactions to possible openings in the Middle East

prace process, according to Francisco Fernandez Ordonez, Spain's foreign minister. The PLO leader is due to visit Madrid Jan. 26 and 27

to bold talks with EEC foreign ministers. Ordonez said that "possibilities of openings in this (peace) process" had appeared during talks be held with the Israeli leadership Jan. 15 which he described as being "extremely useful."

ROME (R) — Iraqi First Deputy Prime Minister Taha Yassin Rismidan arrived Tuesday for talks expected to be dominated by economic issues arising from the Iran-Iraq war. Ramadan, accompanied by Foreign Minister Tareq talks and Trade Minister Mohammad Mchid Salch, would make "detailed examination of bilateral economic mildfines." Ann. of Talka Iraham attachment

KARACHI (R) - United Arab Emirates (UAE) President Sheikh

Zayed The Soltan Al Nahayan, a friend of Zaidikar Ali Bhatto, met Tursday with the late prime minister's daughter, Pakistan's new head of government. Prime Minister Benazir Bhatto greeted Sheikh Zayed

at a VIP lounge at Karachi airport, Pakistani officials said. It was Sheikh Zayed's first meeting with Bhatto since the took office in

SAN FRANCISCO (AP) — Desmond Tutu, challenging President George: Bush to extend his vision of a "kindler, gentler" America,

Ramadan in Rome for economic talks

relations," an official Italian statement said.

Tutu urges Bush to scrap policy

UAE president in Pakistan

3 SLA militiamen killed in blast

The strike was called by the uprising's clandestine leadership in protest at the demolition of the homes of Palestinian

Soldiers shot dead a Palestinian teenager in the West Bank village of Hablah overnight and wounded another. At least 376 Palestinians

have died in the 13-month Patestinian uprising in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. A senior officer told Israel radio the army was having

problems achieving its goals in tackling the unrest.

'inis is a confrontation in special circumstances and we have to find the correct goals.

the right processes and means because there is almost no situation in which we cannot succeed," said Major-General Moshe Bar-Kochba, an adviser to the army chief of staff.

This is not a situation with which we have to live." Bar-Kochba said. "We will give consideration to the right answer in discussions and exchanges. It is possible to end this tough struggle successfully.

He was speaking amid newspaper reports that senior officers were pessimistic over the army's ability to end the up-

rising. The socialist Al Hamishmar and Labour Party-affiliated Davar dailies quoted unnamed senior officers as predicting the uprising would continue through this year and possibly

"According to their analysis, there is no solution to the intifada by military means," Davar said in its lead article. "Their assessment is that current methods of deploying forces are optimal and there is no way of getting more out of

the forces in the field." Israel's Shin Bet service meanwhile arrested dozens of Palestinians suspected of helonging to the "Palestinian

(Continued on page 2)

 Secretary-General Javier
 Perez de Cuellar bowed to budget concerns Tuesday and cut the Namibia peacekeeping foce to 4,650 troops for the U.N.'s costliest mission, esti-

Perez de Cuellar said in report to the Security Council that the authorised upper limit for the military component would remain at 7,500, the number proposed in the 10-year-old council resolution that set terms for Namibian inde-

But he said at this stage he would seek a budget from the General Assembly only for 4,650 troops "consisting of three enlarged infantry battalions, 30 military observers, about 1,700 logistic troops and beadquarters staff of about

The secretary-general said three enlarged infantry batta-lions, each averaging 850 of all ranks, would be deployed in-

The African members press-

Charging that South Africa was trying to influence U.N.-supervised elections in the territory and was building up its own military force there, Nujoma said 15,000 U.N.

Downtown street realignment plan approved

Rifai reviews municipal efforts, pledges support

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Zaid Rifai has voiced the government's support for Greater Amman Municipality and appreciation for its efforts to improve conditions and services in the capital and achievements over the past few years. The prime minister was speak-

ing at a meeting held Monday evening at the municipality building to discuss general plans to develop the central districts of Amman and to improve road and street networks and provide essential services and utilities. Any municipal project of this nature should take into account

public interests, and the municipality must ensure the rights of other parties, reduce to a minimum negative material or moral effects that such projects might cause and to seek to implement those projects at the lowest possible cost, the prime minister said. Rifai underlined the import-

ance of the ongoing process of developing the Greater Amman region, and said that the municipality must be careful to opt for appropriate alternative schemes and must make allocations to pay compensation not only to owners of real estate and other property but also to those who stand to loose as a result of implementing municipal projects.

At the outset of the meeting, Mayor Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeb presented a briefing on the problems which the municipality encounters in the course of de-



Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, several members of the Cabinet and senior officials Monday attend a meeting where a review was made of Greater Amman Municipality services and plans (Petra photo)

veloping the central districts of he said. Amman which, he said, are congested with vehicles and pedestrians since the area is the central shopping place of the capital. The mayor also presented the municipality's complaints over narrow pavements, the pollution of the atmosphere in downtown, the lack of proper services for Amman residents, the difficulty in draining rain water, the presence of craft workshops and warehouses in great numbers and the lack of tourist facilities.

Rawabdeh presented to the meeting five proposals to solve problems. The plans should be carried out in stages because, such development is costly and requires a long time to carry out,

Rawabdeh said the municipality proposes linking Rida and Saqf Al Sail streets, widening Shabsough street and linking it with King Ghazi Street and assigning Basman Street for ser-

The plan, he said, entails enlarging the streets in question and widening pavement for pedes-trians. Such a solution can help reduce congestion and ease the flow of cars and traffic into and out of the central districts of the capital, Rawabdeh noted.

Following general discussions at Monday's meeting, a consensus emerged on the need for

(Continued on page 2)

U.N. trims Namibia operation

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) mated at \$416 million.

Black African nations and non-aligned countries have clashed for weeks with the United States, the Soviet Union, Britain, France and China over the size and cost of the force.

The Organisation of African Unity (OAU) and non-aligned countries insisted on having at least 7,500 troops dispatched, as indicated in the original 1978 Security Council plan for Namibia's independence.

But the five permanent members of the Security Council, who together pay 58 per cent of all peacekeeping costs, objected to the projected \$700-million cost of sending that many troops.

100, ali ranks."

itially, with the other battalions being held in reserve.

ed for a larger operation. A week ago the president of the South West Africa Peoples Organisation (SWAPO), Sam Nujoma, who hopes to be the first head of state of an independent Namibia, said the force should be increased beyond 7,500 troops.

troops might not be too many to deal with the situation.

Iraq releases Pows: **U.N.** revives bid BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Iraq Only 155 Iraqis and 56 Iranians

Tuesday, completing the first re- broke down. turn of Guif war captives since November.

A U.N. envoy meanwhile arstalled peace talks and met senior cials estimate that the number Iranian leaders.

Red Cross sources said the sides. yellow-uniformed Iranians left Baghdad airport for Tehran on a chartered airliner, following 131 freed Monday in a unilateral re-

lease. There was no immediate sign that Tehran will reciprocate and resume prisoner exchanges halted Nov. 27 amid deadlocked peace talks aimed at ending the eightvear-old war.

Tuesday's operation took place as the United Nations' chief mediator in the peace talks, Jan Eliasson, held talks with Iranian officials in Tehran, seeking to break the deadlock in the negotiations.

Iran and Iraq balted a Red adjourned since Nov. 11.

Cross-sponsored exchange, under

But the radio said the ke which the two sides would free 1,158 disabled and ailing PoWs, in November because of a dispute Friday, and his talks with Iraqi over the number of prisoners to officials would show whether the

sent home 124 Iranian prisoners were freed before the exchange

The Red Cross has registered 50,182 Iraqi prisoners held by Iran and 19,284 Iranians in Iraqi rived in Tehran seeking to revive hands. But U.N. and other offi-

> could reach 100,000 held by both Tehran Radio said in a commentary monitored in Nicosia that the responsibility of achieving progress in the stalled negotiations rests with U.N. Secret-

> ary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar. The radio said Eliasson, Sweden's U.N. ambassador and Perez de Cuellar's special envoy, met with Deputy Foreign Minister Mohammad Hussein Lavasani

impasse in the negotiations. Tehran Radio said Eliasson would seek to fix a date for resumption of the peace meetings

and discussed ways to end the

But the radio said the key part of his mission was in Baghdad, where he is expected to arrive impasse could be broken.

Bhutto controversy ends with court order

Minister Benazir Bhutto's rule ter Zafarullah Khan Jamali. ended Tuesday when a provincial official declined to appeal a court two weeks after Bhutto came to decision that went against one of power following 11 years of milither allies.

tan government said it would not appeal against a court order Monday that restored the dissolved provincial assembly. The assembly was suddenly dis-

solved last month and the opposition charged that Bhutto had conspired to keep an ally in power. Bhutto rejected the accusations.

Four judges unanimously agreed that the dissolution of the legislature in Pakistan's largest but least populated province was unconstitutional and was done

without lawful authority. Baluchistan's advocate general filed an application to suspend the order and leave to appeal to the supreme court. He reversed that decision Tuesday saying he

had no intention of filing an appeal. The desert province bordering Iran and Afghanistan has been governed by a caretaker chief

ISLAMABAD (R) — The first Musa dissolved the assembly on major controversy of Prime the binding advice of Chief Minis-The affair, which broke out

ary rule, sparked protest strikes A spokesman for the Baluchis- in the Baluchistan capital, A diplomatic source said the court order and the absence of

appeal showed that "the rule of law is at work and a neutral body exists that takes difficult decisions."

Bhutto had advised the opposition to take the matter to court instead of making accusations of conspiracy.

Last month, Bhutto, 35, said the dissolution was constitutional but said her Pakistan People's Party would not interfere. Political analysts said the dissolution saved Jamali, whose coalition included Bhutto's party, from losing a vote of confidence.

Bhutto rejected accusations by the opposition Islamic Democratic Alliance that she conspired to keep Jamali in power. She said neither Musa nor Jamali had consulted the federal government or minister since Dec. 22, one week unformed it at the time of dissoluafter Governor Mohammad tion.

used him to extend his vision of a "kindler, gentler" America, used him to reverse U.S. policy towards South Africa. Bush's domestic vision cannot be accompanied by "a lack of compassion for victims of injustice and oppression in other parts of the world," Tutu said. The Anglican archbishep of Cape Town urged Bush to scrap the Rouald Reagan doctrine of "constructive engagement" and consider economic smections against the South African government.

Benin issues shoot-on-sight orders PORTO NOVO, Benin (R) - Benin has ordered police and troops to open fire without warning on demonstrators after two security officers were stoned to death in riots, residents said Tuesday. They said a number of demonstrators, mostly young people, were slightly injured Monday thirting widespread rioting in Porto Novo, a city of 150,000 people near the Nigerian border. The government of President Mathien Kerekon gave no casualty toll but pledged to maintain law and order at any cost in the West African state. Witnesses said students and civil servants shouting anti-government slogans went on strike Monday morning and ransacked public buildings.

Damascus talks reportedly near Amal-Hizbollah truce

DAMASCUS (Agencies) — President Hafez Al Assad conferred with Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati Tuesday, as Syrian-Iranian efforts to end fighting between Amal and Hizbollah militias in Lebanon continued for the third day.

Hussein Musavi, a leader of the pro-Iranian Hizbollah, said after the meeting that an agreement ending the clashes with Amal would be announced soon.

"Enlarged meetings will take place at the Syrian Foreign Ministry, following which a political agreement will be announced between Hizbollah and Amal," he

Earlier Tuesday, reports from Lebanon said four people were killed and 14 wounded during fresh clashes between the rival groups. These raised the casualty toll to at least 172 killed and 332 wounded since the latest spasm of

fighting erupted Dec. 31. The fighting began with artillery exchanges late Monday, shattering a four-day ceasefire, and continued with intermittent

Velayati, who has been in Damascus since Sunday, also attended a meeting with his Syrian counterpart Farouq Al Sharaa and Hizbollah representatives Musavi and Sheikh Ibrahim Al Amin.

Sharaa met separately with Amal leader Naibh Berri. Iran's official Islamic Republic News Agency quoted Iranian Foreign Ministry spokesman Morteza Sarmadi as stating that Iran and Syria "are trying to bring closer together the views of Hizbollah and Amal, so that their differences can be resolved in a

principled way." The agency, monitored in Nicosia, further quoted him as saying that Iran and Syria "have complete agreement on solving the issues facing Lebanon and putting an end to the clashes." Berri said Monday that Amal would not agree to a settlement

assassins of three Amal commanceasefire would take effect once

Hizbollah had already unilaterally halted hostilities and would open fire only in self-defence, he "There will be three-party

meetings and four-party meetings

that will end with a comprehensive political agreement between Amal and Hizbollah," the Hizbollah leader said. "This was a result of goodwill efforts exerted by all, especially following the meeting between President Assad and brother

Velavati. "Both parties were keen to put an end to the problem and reach a political agreement. This was stressed by President Assad."

Musavi said the militias would end propaganda campaigns against each other, exchange prisoners and pledge to observe agreed limits on their political activity in Lebanon.

until Hizbollah handed over the He made no mention of the demand by Amal that Hizbollah Hizbollah's Musavi said a hand over those responsible for killing three of its members in the meeting began later Tuesday. Beirut last September.

mortar exchanges early Tuesday. More landslides feared in quake-hit Tajikistan

MOSCOW (Agencies) - Resi- houses were destroyed, many of Soviet Tajikistan braced them- not withstand the impact. selves for more landslides Tuesday as authorities there said a wall of mud which engulfed mountain villages was still mov-

ing, hampering rescue efforts. The Communist Party newspaper Pravda said that aftershocks from Monday's quake, which left at least 1,000 people feared buried alive by the mud, could cause more landslides. It said a thaw in the Central

Asian republic had softened the ground just before the quake, which struck less than two months after a devastating tremor in Soviet Armenia. The quake triggered an eight-kilometre wide landslide of mud

and sand that crashed into several

mountain villages near the

dents of earthquake-stricken them day structures which could

"Because of the tremors the soil swooped on the villages in a huge mass," Pravda said. "There is a danger of new landslides in the area if there are more tre-

"Everything is flooded with li-quid earth which is still moving, that's why the rescue work is difficult," A. Shein, a Tajik regional government official, was quoted as saying in the newspaper Komsomolskaya Pravda.

At its epicentre 50 kilometres southwest of the Tajik capital of Dushanbe, the quake reached seven points on the 12-point Soviet scale — three, points less than the Dec. 7 tremor which killed 25,000 people in Armenia. Authorities said they doubted Afghan border. More than 400 rescuers would find many survi-

vors from Monday's earthquake. "There is little hope (of finding survivors) because of the flood of dirt and mud," said Erkin Kasymov, a spokesman for the foreign ministry in Tajikistan. "But while there is any hope, the rescuers will keep working."
Vitaly Zhukov, deputy head of
the republic's official news agen-

cy, said 11 people died overnight in Dushanbe hospitals. Pravda said heavy snows followed by a thaw saturated the Babatag hills with moisture, making the area prone to mudslides. The hills overlook the devastated villages of Sharora, Okuli-Bolo

buried in mud. The newspaper said past experience had shown the Soviet Union is careless in its building techniques, especially in rural (Continued on page 2)

and Okuli-Poyen, which were

began.

break but the diplomats expected

Libva to back the Tonisian idea

while Morocco and Algeria

would resist any steps beyond

those in the Moroccan proposal. The structures are definitely

going to be the main subject, but

I'm sure we will find a comprom-

ise," one Maghreb ambassador

told Reuters before the meeting

At the last meeting of the

commission in Rabat in October,

Algeria said it felt even Moróc

co's proposal was premature but

Foreign Minister Boualem Bes-

saveh has since taken charge of

Machreb affairs from Moham-

Messandia, head of the secre-

tariat of the ruling National Li-beration Front, lost his job in late

October after riots swept Algiers

Libva was previously alone in

favouring an advanced form of

political unity, as a step towards

rapid Arab unity, but Libyan

officials have said they are

The diplomats said Tunisia had

already drafted a treaty and had

submitted the text to one of five

subcommittees which met be-

tween July and October last year.

economics, finance, security and

education, had already prepared

nator of international affairs, at

Brown said: "It wouldn't just

be a media show. Officials made

it quite clear that experts would

Clayton said he believed the

"We got a fairly unambiguous

statement of intent," he added.

of access they actually allow."

'It remains to be seen what level

controversy would only be re-

be allowed in."

ified experts.

the Libyan Foreign Ministry.

recommendations by the time of

mad Cherif Messaadia

and other cities.

flexible.

couche said Tunisia felt the five The other subcommittees, on

The other delegations did not the Rabat meeting and there is

state their views before the lunch little dispute about these.

to Rabta inspection

LONDON (R) - Libyan author- with Mr. Muchtar, vice-coordi-

Member of Parliament Ron solved by an inspection of qual-

Libya said to agree

Maghreb ministers

seek compromise

TUNIS (R) — Ministers from

five Maghreb countries met in

Tunis Tuesday in search of a

compromise on the proposed institutions for a united Maghreb.

The ministers from Libya,

Tunisia, Algeria Morocco and

Mauritania are preparing for a

second summit which they hope

will push forward tentative steps

to create a regional grouping

similar to the European Econo-

The process started with a sum-

mit outside Algiers last June, the

first such meeting since the five

countries became independent in

The next summit is expected to

take place in the Moroccan city of

Marrakesh within weeks and the

Tunis meeting will probably

Baccouche, chairman of the

Maghreb Higher Commission,

told the opening session Tuesday

that one of the documents on the

agenda was a Moroccan proposal

on the structures of the proposed

Maghreb diplomats said this

envisaged a council of heads of

state, a council of ministers and

In closed session later Bac-

states should sign a treaty forma-

lising Maghreb unity, the diplo-

ities have agreed to allow inde-

pendent experts to inspect a fac-

tory which the United States

claims has been built to produce

chemical weapons, a British de-

legation which visited Libya said

Opposition Labour Party

Brown and Anthony

Clayton, an associate at Edin-

burgh University's Centre for

Human Ecology, travelled to Tri-poli to ask the Libyans to permit

Monday.

other permanent institutions.

Tunisian Prime Minister Hedi

agree on the exact date.

Maghreb union.

mic Community (EEC).

the 1950s and 1960s.

Heavy Soviet activity fuels speculations of final Afghan pullout

ISLAMABAD (Agencies) — Heavy military ground and air traffic around Kabul indicates the final Soviet withdrawal from Afghanistan is in full swing, Western diplomats said Tuesday, as new fighting erupted in several regions.

Afghan communist forces and rebels were fighting intensely in northern Kunduz province, and in Nangarhar and Kandahar provinces to the east, said the diplomats, speaking to the AP in Islamabad on condition they not he identified further.

They said the current pace of the Soviet withdrawal indicated nearly all Soviet troops would be out of Afghanistan by the end of January, ahead of the Feb. 15 deadline set in a U.N.-brokered agreement signed last spring by

One source, quoting Afghan officials and East European diplomats, said that a small Soviet force, possibly a single paratroop battalion, might remain until Feb. 15.

Despite the diplomatic speculation, Major-General Lev Serebrov, a member of the Soviet military command in Kabul, told Western journalists there Sunday that the final phase of the nine-

month pullout had not yet begun. He said that the hundreds of fully equipped Soviet soldiers observed boarding military transport planes at Kabul airport this month were merely taking part in

guerrillas Monday shot dead a

supreme court prosecutor in the

third attack on Greek law offi-

The Greek cabinet was sum-

moned to an emergency session

Tuesday after two masked gun-

men on a motorcycle pumped five

bullets into Anastasios Venar-

thos, 61, outside his house in

Pamphlets left at the scene

Monday night's killing said

Venarthos was shot by the ex-,

treme left-wing group "Revolutionary Organisation May First.".

"Today's killing and the two

previous attacks against law offi-

cials in a short period of time

cials this month.

central Athens.

a normal two-year troop rotation. Western diplomats said, however, that numerous Soviet armoured columns were seen moving north on the Salang Road, the main route to the

"(It is) clear evidence that troops are being withdrawn from Kabul," said one source.

Soviet border, during the past

Another source said 52 Ilyushin-76 military transports were seen taking off and landing at Kabul airport during the week of Jan. 16-22, triple the normal rate and 12 more than reported the previous week.

Some of the air traffic was related to the withdrawal, and some appeared to be part of a Soviet effort to resupply the capital with desperately needed

food and fuel, the diplomats said. Half of an estimated 100,000 Soviet troops in Afghanistan left the country between May 15 and Aug. 15, 1988, in accordance with the U.N. agreement.

Diplomats said their reports indicated about 15,000 troops had withdrawn from the Kabul area in the last month, and that another

tives and the aims they serve,"

Socialist Prime Minister Andreas

Papandreou said in a statement.

Papandreou would preside over

emergency talks involving the

ministers of defence, public order

and justice and the chiefs of the

police, intelligence and the de-

The shootings began Jan. 10

when state prosecutor Costas

Androulidakis was hit by three

bullets in the legs. He is still in a

Another senior prosecutor.

Panayotis Tarasouleas, was shot

and wounded eight days later.

Both attacks were claimed by

fence staffs.

GROCERY CONTEST

YOUR LAST CHANCE TO

ENTER BY.....

JANUARY 31,1989

DRAWING DATE

SAFEWAY INTERNATIONAL

FEBRUARY 2, 1989

critical condition.

A government spokesman said

Greek prosecutor shot dead

ATHENS (R) — Leftist urban must make us think of the mo-

Diplomats quoted by Reuters said Afghans had been fighting each other for food in Kabul hoarding and looting shops and an army sergeant was shot dead in an argument over bread.

The diplomatic sources said queues for food and fuel in the Afghan capital reached record levels early last week but were shorter by the weekend after the arrival of supplies from the Soviet

"A member of a local militia shot and killed an army sergeant following an argument over how much bread the militiamen was entitled to buy," one of the sources said.

The diplomatic sources said Afghans also reported the death from cold of a child who had stood for several hours in a queue for bread.

The embassies of Britain and the United States last week told their citizens to leave Kabul and West Germany said it was withdrawing its representatives.

The sources said some of the supplies brought by air and road were doled out around the city by Soviet soldiers, but they were often swamped by people

In a report from Kabul, the official Soviet news agency TASS said 1,000 tonnes of flour had been airlifted to the city by Tuesday, making it possible to "quickly overcome the food crisis in the

Greece's most notorious guerril-

November 17 said both men

were "punished" because the

judiciary shared responsibility

with corrupt politicians for a

Police believe May First has

close links with the November 17

guerrillas — and may even be the

same group using different

May First said it shot Venar-

thos for supporting the extradi-

tion of an alleged member of the

Red Brigades guerrilla organisa-

Greece turned down an Italian

extradition request for Mauricio

independence from Ethiopia.

Folini in February 1987.

tion in Italy.

series of financial scandals.

la group November 17.



MASS ARRESTS — Israeli soldiers keep

lined up against a wall on a main street in Ramallah

LONDON (R) — An Israeli doctor said Monday scores of Palestinian children were effectively

being condemned to death because they were

Pediatrician Ruchama Marton blamed the chil-

dren's-plight on Israeli government action, such as

cuts in its medical budget for the occupied West

Bank and Gaza Strip during the 13-month up-

At a news conference organised by Physicians

for Children, a British group of doctors, Marton

accused the Israeli occupation authorities of "im-

peding proper medical services as a tool of

political pressure, and as a means of individual and

denied treatment in Israeli hospitals.

Doctor hits Israeli policy

watch over a large group of arrested Palestinia

nian Prime Minister Mebdi Bazargan, leader of the country's veteran politician, the first prime token opposition, says he plans to minister of the republic after the build his tiny, much-harassed party into a national movement to challenge the political establishment, Iran's official news agency reported Tuesday. The Islamic Republic News

collective punishment."

Agency (IRNA), monitored in Nicosia, said that Bazargan told the English-language Tehran Times daily in his first interview in seven years that his freedom movement will also name a candidate in August's presidential election "if political conditions... are favourable."

"We will organise the party at all levels throughout the country so that we can present our plans to the people... who will give their verdict," he said. "If that verdict is in our favour.

we will naturally have the right to form a government," Bazargan

KUWAIT (AP) - Somalia and Ethiopia are pushing ahead to

normalise relations, Somali Information Minister Abdul Rasheed Ahmad said Monday. "They have set up a ministers' committee for

this purpose, and agreed to... withdraw military forces from the

border area, exchange of prisoners of war and resume diplomatic

relations," he told a news conference at the end of a three-day visit

to Kuwait by Somali President Mohammad Siad Barre. Somalia

and Ethiopia last year announced they were restoring diplomatic

ties after an 11-year break and ending border disputes that have

lasted more than a century. Ahmad said the agreements were

working and "we hope more talks will take place in future to resolve some outstanding problems." He made no mention of the

Eritrean rebels whom Somalia has supported in their fight for

ISTANBUL (AP) — A court has ordered the arrest of a Turkish man who allegedly brokered the sale of kidneys for use in

transplants at a London hospital, a public prosecutor said. Sait

Erem told the AP that he sought Tunc Ay Kunter's arrest after

details of the case were discussed Sunday evening on a nationwide

Turkish television show. In the programme, an unidentified

woman and a man said they each had sold one of their kidneys with

the help of a middleman to recipients at the hospital. They named

neither the hospital nor the middleman. One kidney was sold for 10

million Turkish lira (\$5,600), the other for six million Turkish lira (\$3,200), they said. The Istanbul daily Hurriyet had published the

ANKARA (R) Turkish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal, facing nationwide municipal elections in March, has called on Turks to

preserve stability under a single-party government for the next decade. "Do not disrupt unity and stability. The time of coalitions is over. If we can continue this for another 10 years, Turkey will be

among the five leading nations of the world," he said in a speech to

municipal officials in Van, near the Iranian border, Monday

Ozal calls for unity, stability

Arrest ordered of Turk in kidney case

1979 revolution, appeared to be highly optimistic considering the strength of the main factions in

the Tehran hierarchy. But the fact that Bazargan, who has been out in the cold for nine years, was given a public platform clearly sanctioned by the authorities underlined efforts by Iranian leaders to ease political restrictions following the August ceasefire in the war against Iraq.

His moderate Freedom Movement, a frequent critic of the Gulf war, is one of 28 groups which have applied to register as political parties under a Dec. 31 law approving the formation of political organisations, providing they do not conspire against the

Since Khomeini abolished the ruling Islamic Republic Party two

with central government.

tion contracts in both countries.



Sunday. As many as 100 Palestinians were believed

to have been taken to various detention centres.

Out of 200 children currently suffering from

cancer in the West Bank, half needed treatment in

Israel since facilities in the West Bank were

cases, as opposed to 100 prior to the intifada. This

literally means that the other 80 children are

Israeli-Palestinian Physicians, set up last March to

"Israeli hospitals now hospitalise 20 of these

Marton is chairwoman of the Association of

"Prior to the intifada the civil administration in

the West Bank allocated 31,000 hospitalisation

days for the Palestinian population. This number

has subsequently been reduced to 10,000," she

insufficient, she said.

condemned to death," she said.

monitor unethical practices.

ment has been the only recognised party in Iran. There are no official parties within the hierarchy, but there are several factions which revolve around leading figures which operate like parties.

war move toward liberalising Iran's political and social life. heavily restricted during the war.

years ago, the Freedom Move-

The new law is part of a post-

The Department of Chemical such an inspection. Engineering at Edinburgh Uni-Libya says the plant at Rabta versity has offered to help pronear Tripoli is intended to produce pharmaceuticals. vide a team of experts to visit the "Libyan authorities said they Brown said the names of scienwill allow chemical engineers to inspect the Rabta plant at an open day in March," Clayton told Reuters.

tists from Edinburgh would be submitted to the Libyan interests section of the Saudi Arabian He and Brown received this embassy in London, which handassurance during an interview les Anglo-Libyan relations.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF Rifai reviews municipal efforts Somalia, Ethiopia seek to normalise ties evening. Ozal, a conservative, said his Motherland Party would see

out the remaining four years of its five-year mandate and asked

people to opt for local governments that would work harmoniously

BREMEN (R) — West German police Monday disarmed a Turk who held a lawyer hostage for 10 hours and demanded a one million mark (\$550,000) ransom. Police said the 28-year-old kidnapper had entered the office of the lawyer, who was

representing the man's father in a financial case, and taken him to

his restaurant at gunpoint. Officials delivered the ransom and a

written undertaking he would not be prosecuted. The man

emerged in the early evening to collect the money, handed over his weapon to the lawyer and soon afterwards was overpowered by

ANKARA (R) — Iranian Prime Minister Mir-Hossein Mousavi

and Iraqi First Deputy Prime Minister Taha Yassin Ramadan are

likely to make separate visits to Turkey soon, Foreign Ministry

sources said Monday. The sources said there were no dates or

agendas yet for the visits, set tentatively for the second half of

February. Turkey maintained good trade ties with Iran and Iraq

during their eight-year Gulf war and is eyeing lucrative reconstruc-

ATHENS (AP) - Police Monday ruled out any possibility of

crime in the case of two Libyans found dead in their suburban Athens apartment. "We're sticking to the conclusion of the

coroner that the two deaths were caused by breathing carbon monoxide... there is no evidence of murder," a police spokesman

said. He identified the two Libyans as Sanussi Al Huni, 45, a

journalist and Mahmud Beleed, 30, a photocomposition expert.

Both Libyans worked for an Arab-language magazine published in

Athens. "Huni and Beleed were found dead Sunday in their

apartment in the suburb of Tzitzifies, said the spokesman.

Mousavi, Ramadan may visit Turkey

Two Libyans found dead in Athens

Police free W. German taken hostage

change and for the municipality to take action to solve the problem. But different views were presented and proposals made at the meeting on the municipality plan which, according to initial estimates, will cost JD 4 million.

The majority supported the plan and the prime minister gave his consent and directed the mayor to go ahead with its imple-

mentation. The ministers of transport and telecommunications, municipal and rural affairs, interior, public works and housing and culture and national heritage as well as members of the Traffic Committee for Amman and representatives of the Amman Chambers of Industry and Trade and heads of

government departments were

Rabin considers new tactics

leased.

(Continued from page 1

Popular Army," the Israeli military command said. Military officials and Israel Radio

said it was led by Fateh. The radio said that the main suspect, Abdul Fatah Hassan

of Nablus, received weapons and money from Fatch and trained dozens of Palestinians

present at the meeting.

for attacks against Israeli Hassan also possessed special badges for his squads, which were based in Tulkarem area and were due to train "hundreds of others" in diffe-

rent areas of the West Bank, the radio said. - No further details were re-

More landslides feared

(Continued from page 1

areas. But it did not specifically blame poor construction for any of the deaths in the area, located about 2,900 kilometres southeast

Komsomolskaya Pravda said troops were also helping out.
Tescuers who rushed to the quake zone from Dushanbe Monday

West Germany and the United States have offered assistance and the control of the con

Pravda said 104 people had been sent to hospital so far. Thousands of volunteers were using shovels to search for survivors: as bulldozers, excavators and cranes arrived in the area. Soviet

found eight people alive under other countries are expected to the mud and unearthed 26 follow suit, Pravda said:

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR



17:30 Champs Elysces

Church of the Augunciation Tel. Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. Anjourd' hui en Jordanie News in Hebrew News in Arabic Armedian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armedian Orthodox Church Tel. ... Dogʻt wait up St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 635326. **PRAYER TIMES** Evangelical Latheran Church Tel: 811295. Reinbow Congregation Tel. 822605.
The Church of Jesus Curist of Latter-Day Saints Tcl. 815817, 821264 WEATHER **CHURCHES**

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Its will be partly cloudy and temper-tures will be around the annual averatures will be around the annual aver-age. Winds will be light and variable. In Agaba, winds will be northerly Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 11.4, Aqaba 19.4. Humidity readings: Amman 49 per cent, Aqaba 30 **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

AMMAN: Dr. Abdul Rahman Al Najjar 775050 Dr. Mahmoud Jabr Dr. Wa'ei Khartabil Dr. Anwar Al 'Aqrabawi 642696 First pharmacy 661912 778336

EMERGENCIES Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate Highway Police Traffic Police 656390/91 Public Security Department 656000 / 685111

Dr. Mazen Abu Bakir 274699

Central Amman Telephone Electric Power Company RJ Flight Information Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-52000

HOSPITALS AMMAN:

Maihas, J. Amman ...
Palestine, Shmeisani
Shmeisani Hospital ...
University Hospital ...
Al-Mussher Hospital
The Islamic, Abdahi . 845845 The Islamic, Aguan
Al-Ahfi, Abdaii 664164/6
Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/26
Army, Marka 891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50
574155 Amal HospitalZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital 674155 (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)991071 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732 IRBHIF: Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafices Hospital (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

MARKET PRICES

460 / 400 Banana (Mukammar) 350 / 300 Banana (Mukammar) 300 / 250

Queen Noor distributes diplomas to 101 teachers

AMMAN (I.T.)—Her Majesty shythmic and creative movement Diecin Noor Thesday dissibilitied and dance, improvisation, self diplomas to 101 elementary expression and mime, physical school teachers and teathers in education and its relation to dratraining, who have completed ma creative games and drama-training coanses in the use of tisation of subjects in the curri-drama to enhance the teaching culum.

process
The Osigning sources were conducted by the Noor Al Hussein
Foundations (NHF) "theatre in education" programme, in coop-eration with the Ministries of Education and Higher Education. Af the ceremony, the Queen beard a briefing on theatre in education by the project coordi-nator Lina Tal, who said that it sims to create a rich visual learning process in the service of speci-

fic educational objectives. She said that the teachers were oriented on producing history-and-science-based plays with subjects' contained in school texthooks to be acted in schools around Jordan

The programme, she said, aims to facilitate and promote the learning process through drama which provides the means to express ideas and concepts, and can enable participants to utilise their skills and potentials.

incorporated voice and speech, ceremony was held.

... NHF launched the theatre-ineducation project in 1987 to expand the children's learning opportunities through the creative medium of drama and to promote the dramatic arts in Jordan in general. It is one of 25 NHF projects and programmes that aim to introduce new developmental criteria to assess and enhance the total quality of life in the individual and the com-

Greater Amman Director of Education Mohammad Bani Hani made a speech before the Queen paying tribute to her support for this vital project which, he said, contributes towards the achievement of the objectives of the first educational conference held in Amman in 1987.

Among those present at the ceremony were Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Education Thougan Hindawi, Minister of Higher Education Nassereddin Al Assad and the teaching staff of The contents of the courses Princess Alia School where the

JUST science building to be completed in 1990

RAMTHA (Petra, J.T.) - The medical sciences building project being implemented by the Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST) is expected to be completed by the end of 1990, according to the director of the university's projects department. He said that the buildings which will house the faculties of medicine, dentistry, pharmacy and nursing were being set up on 80,000 square metres at the esti-

mated cost of ID 14 million. The department director also sidential quarters project, which would accommodate 12,000 students and 58 flats for the teaching staff, is expected to be completed early next year.

He said that the residential quarters is expected to cost JD 4.4 million.

This project, he said, entails constructing eight buildings and their utilities, together with courts for sports activities, such as volleyball, basketball, tennis and other facilities, and is being said that a teacher-student re- set up on 40,000-square-metres.

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

HAMMOURI LEAVES FOR SENEGAL: Minister of Culture and National Heritage Mohammad Hammouri left-Amman Tuesday for Dakar, Senegal, to take part in the first meeting by Islamic ministers of culture. The several-day meeting will review reports on activities by Islamic universities and cultural centres existing in the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) countries, according to the minister. Another important point to be discussed, he said, is milying a calendar for Islamic feasts. He said the ministers will discuss the establishment of an international Islamic women's organisation and a project for streamlining cultural policies in the slamic World. (Petra)

ANANI BRIEFS KUWAITI TEAM: Royal Scientific Society (RSS) President Jawad Al Anani Tuesday praised Jordanian-Kuwaiti centres and is closely cooperating with them in solar power projects. Anam was speaking at a meeting with a visiting delegation from the Kuwaiti Ministry of Finance whom he briefed on the RSS's activities. The delegation toured the RSS departments and were briefed on their-activities and programmes. (Petra)

LECTURE ON ARAB MUSIC: A lecture entitled "an old musical suite" (wasleh) was presented by musicologist Yusra Arnita at the Royal Cultural Centre in Amman. Instructors and students of the Arab music section at the National Music Conservatory demonstrated musical selections from the lecture of Arnita during the event.

QATARNEH VISITS RUSSAIFA: Zarqa Governor Eid Qatarneh Tuesday made an inspection tour of Russaifa and Hittin camp, where he discussed with the citizens the problems facing them. Qatarneh also met with residents of Dahiriah neighbourhood and outlined the importance of organising the random construction areas, and informed them of the plan to convert this neighbourhood into a well organised area, where housing units, schools and health centres will be set up. (Petra)

JERASH STUDENT RACE: A total of 60 students from Jerash district schools Tuesday took part in an eight kilometre race, organised by Terash District Education Department for students from preparatory and secondary schools. (Petra)

COURSES FOR THIBAN LADIES: A total of 30 ladies from Thiban sub-district Tuesday enrolled in training courses on sewing, typing and weaving, organised by Thiban Community Development Centre: Also in Thiban a month-long health education programme was organised Tuesday by Thiban community development centre in cooperation with the health centre. (Petra)

SKIN DISEASES: President of the Jordanian Dermatologists Association Mandouli Outob Tuesday said that leprosy and psociasis (a non-contagious skin disease) are two different, chronic diseases and that international researches have shown that they are not caused by a virus nor transmitted by infection. However heredity could be one of the causes for them. Commenting on the confusion between these two skin diseases and linking them with the Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), Qutob said the two diseases can be treated by external treatment ointments which have proved successful and effective in many cases. After disappearing for a long time following the treatment, the two diseases might appear again. However, he noted, the diseases do not cause death nor have any serious internal complications, and therefore there is no scientific basis for linking them with AIDS, since they are not transmitted by infection, nor do they cause death.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- An exhibition of works by Contemporary Arab Artists at Al Wasti Art Gallery.
- * A plastic art exhibition by Egyptism artist Yassin Ibrahim armed at the Housing Bank Gallery. x. An exhibition of photographic works by Wols (Ottto Wolfgang)
- Schulz) at the Goethe Institute. Schult) at the sount mount which includes a general to The Jordanian plastic art season which includes a general to The Professional exhibition of works by Jordanian artists at the Profess Association Complex in Irbid.
- it An art exhibition by artist Misa Erder at the Petra Rank Gallery

CONCERT

A concert by a group of Turkish musicians, the Anatolian-String Trio, at the Royal Cultural Centre — 8:00 p.m.



Her Majesty Queen Noor Taesday presents a liploma to one of the teachers who participated in

the training course on "theatre in education" at the Princess Alia School in Amman (Petra photo)

Greater Amman Municipality creates citizens' guidance bureau

announced the creation of a citizens guidance bureau that will take charge of introducing improvements to services provided by the municipality to the public.

The announcement was made by Mayor Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh who said that the bureau will help speed up procedures concerning services and deal and settle complaints and problems pertaining to the municipality's general services.

The bureau will be headquartered at the Amman Municipality building but will have branches and offices in all the municipality's districts, Rawabdeh said.

The bureau which commenced its duties Tuesday will also be authorised to take inquiries, respond to public questions and offer guidance to citizens on all

AMMAN (Petra) - The Greater on citizens' businesses with the concern to the public, ques-Amman Municipality Tuesday municipality and other related

matters, Rawabdeh explained. He said that the bureau will be other information, matters of the mayor's office.

tionnaires in the course of collect-

ing public opinion on services. Rawabdeh announced that entrusted to receive and process Mahmoud Armouti will serve as proposals by citizens, distribute the bureau's director in addition municipality announcements and to his present job as director of

Haj Hassan to discuss air transport in Cairo

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) - Minister of Transport and Telecommunications Khaled Al Haj Hassan will go to Cairo Wednesday for talks on promoting air transport between Jordan and Egypt through their respective national airlines.

Haj Hassan will meet with Egyptian Minister of Tourism and Civil Aviation Fuad Sultan and other officials with whom he matters related to procedures will follow up the implementation such as filling forms, following up of air transport accords endorsed

earlier by the joint Jordanian-Egyptian Higher Committee.

The agency said that the minister will be accompanied on the visit by Royal Jordanian Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Ali Ghandour and Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) Director Mahmoud Balqaz.

Jordan and Egypt currently maintain daily airlinks between Cairo and Amman through Egypt

Wastewater treatment plant to be set up in Jordan Valley

DEIR ALLA (Petra, J.T.) — A Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) proper facilities for vacationers wastewater treatment plant will allot a piece of land on which and tourists, and urged local be set up and other measures will to set up a plant for processing be taken immediately in the Jor- plastic waste, and that a special dan Valley region to help stem committee will be created to su-

safeguard public health.

The decisions were taken at a meeting held here Tuesday under the chairmanship of Balqa Governor Mijhem Al Khrisha and attended by provincial governors, heads of local councils and other

Specific instructions were worked out banning the dumping of waste from any source except in specific areas to be assigned for the purpose, and the local councils are to allocate funds for organising the spraying of pesticides, according to a statement issued at

the end of the meeting. The statement said that the

ent and nervise the imp projects to safeguard public safety in the valley.

According to the statement the JVA will make plans with the Ministry of Public Works and Housing to lay sewerage net-works and build housing estates for the non-Jordanian workers employed in the valley's agricultural projects.

Addressing the meeting, Khrisha said the Jordan Valley residents complain from common flies and other insects, from the plastic and other waste and the absence of sanitary facilities for

the workers. He said that the area also lacks councils to help implement tourist projects.

The JVA, Khrisha said, has already assigned nine areas to be exploited as public parks located between Adasieh in the north and the Dead Sea in the south.

The decisions followed a meeting held last month under the chairmanship of Her Majesty Queen Noor to review projects such as establishing national parks and serviced picnic areas in the Jordan Valley.

The meeting reviewed a draft law on the protection of the area from pollution resulting from the dumping of waste especially those left behind by vacationers and the problems of natural manure which attract flies and other in-



University of Jordan President Abdul Salam Al Majali Tuesday holds talks with the visiting Chinese

Majali briefs Chinese team on higher education in Jordan

AMMAN (J.T.) — University of Jordan President Abdul Salam Al Majali Tuesday conferred with the visiting President of the Chinese University of Tongi, Chen Che, and his accompanying delegation on the developments of the higher education in Jordan, the University of Jordan's achievements and its role in providing the Jordanian and Arab societies with qualified and welltrained cadres in various fields.

objectives and its future aspirations and plans, saying that it intends to expand in the fields of higher education and to direct special attention to scientific re-

The Chinese visitor praised the advanced level of the university and its remarkable achievements. The Chinese delegation earlier Tuesday visited the language cen-tre where they were briefed by Dr. Mohammad Anani on the

used in teaching Arabic and English languages, in addition to methods of teaching Arabic for

The delegation visited the Students Affairs Department where they inspected its various sections, including the international hall, which includes corners for folkloric and cultural information about various countries, and a permanent art exhibition where the outstanding art works by student are displayed. They also

Jordan, Egypt formally declare creation of lean meat production company

CAIRO (Petra, J.T.) — Jordan and Egypt have formally announced the creation of the Jordanian-Egyptian company for the production of lean meat and animal feed with a \$20 million capital to be set up in Egypt.

The announcement was made Monday by Minister of Industry and Trade Hamdi Tabbaa who is currently leading Jordan's side to the general assembly meeting of the joint Jordanian-Egyptian Investment and Development Company (holding company) which endorsed the project.

The holding company, Tabbaa said, will own 20 per cent of the project's capital, and the door will be open for Arab organisations and companies to own shares which will be offered for sale in the Arab World in the coming three months.

The project, which is to be set up west of Nobarieh, between Cairo and Alexandria, will be set up on a 5,300 acres of land which will be exploited to produce fodder for the cows and sheep which will in turn provide lean meat for the consumers in Jordan and

Tabbaa said that the project. which will entail using the most up to date equipment and facilities, involves the installation of an irrigation system, machinery to help produce huge amounts of cereals, animal feed for fattening livestock and setting up a plant for processing animal feed, the minister noted. The project, he added, is ex-

pected to produce 14,000 tonnes of lean meat and 20,000 heads of sheep and cattle, as well as 45,000 tonnes of animal feed. 138 cubic metres of fertilisers, 30 tonnes of raw wool, and 1,400 tonnes of barley annually. The project is expected to

bring in revenues totalling 131 million Egyptian pounds every

Last week, the holding company's Director, Midhat Abdul appreciation of His Majesty King Aziz, told a press conference in Hussein's stands and his pride in pany's Director, Midhat Abdul

Amman that the company will carry out the project to meet the and Egypt.

He said production was due to start towards the end of 1989 and estimated the annual demand in Egypt at 238,000 tonnes of lean meat, and at 41,000 tonnes in Jordan by 1995. Tabbaa told the Jordan News

Agency, Petra, correspondent in the Egyptian capital that the project's feasibility study, which was carried out by Jordanian and Egyptian technical teams, proved that the plan will be beneficial for both sides.

The general assembly convened here under the co-chair-manship of Tabbaa and Egyptian Minister of International Cooperation Maurice Makramallah and it was attended by the holding company's board of directors,

chaired by Dr. Fahd Al Azab. According to Tabbaa, the meeting reviewed the company's. achievements last year and future

Makramallah was quoted as saying that the holding company which was established in January 1988, will carry out further projects to benefit the Egyptian and ordanian national economies.

The decision to go ahead with the project in Egypt and the holding company's future proiects are expected to come under scrutiny by the joint Jordanian-Egyptian Higher Committee nich is due to convene here Saturday.

Meanwhile, Prime Minister Atef Sidki Tuesday received Jordan's Ambassador to Egypt Nabih Al Nimer in Cairo and expressed his country's deep



his role to bolster inter-Arab rela

Nimer reviewed with Sidki a agenda for the Saturday meetin and developments in the Middl East region.

Tabbaa met in Cairo with Dr Yusri Mustafa, the Egyptian minister of economy and foreign trade, to discuss bilateral coop eration in economic and trade

The two ministers reviewed plans designed to increase the volume of trade exchange and is remove obstacles in the path of trade operations.

The implementation of a bi lateral trade protocol that orga nises the work of the Jordania and Egyptian trade centres is Cairo and Amman, and Jordan'

cement shipments to Egypt were also reviewed at the meeting. Later Tuesday the Jordania delegation, comprising Ministr of Industry and Trade Secretar General Mohammad Saqqaf, the ministry's economic cooperation and export promotion depart ment director, Aqaba Region Authority president and repre sentatives from the ministries o agriculture, tourism, transpor and planning left Amman fo Cairo to join Tabbaa, who will be chairing the Jordanian side to

preparatory committee's meet

ings, due to start here

Lawzi receives EC delegate in Amman

Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi Tuesday receives the European Community (EC) delegate in Amman Christian D. Falkowski. During the meeting Lawzi and Falkowski discussed existing relations between Jordan and the EC countries in various fields, with the main emph-

asis on parliamentary affairs (Petra photo)

Erder's works show yearning for detail

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -- It is always fascinating to see what aspects of Jordan intrigue and stimulate other people, especially if those people are artists. In the case of the latter it is usually the everchanging land-scape of the country which inspires them. For Melissa (Misa) Erder however it is more, or perhaps we should say less than that, for what interests this artist are the tiny details, the rocks, the stones, the plants, the insects and all those small but undeniable indications that someone has been here before — a long, long time before.

Erder has chosen to portray Jordan in pastel colours, a media that represents a switch for the artist from acrylics and one through which it is normally difficult to capture the colours of Jordan. If not used with care the unique and often surprising richness and depth that can be achieved with pastels can override the soft and endlessly subtle colours of the local landscapes. Erder mostly avoids this mistake and her colours are good especially in the works where she zooms in on a beetle or a piece of

dried scrub. Erder's close-ups of a patch of ground skillfully and cleverly achieve a careful balance between spontaneity and literal depiction. In light tones accentuated by quick dark lines she

the hard brittle dryness of a sunbaked branch and most fascinating of all the marks, letters, drawings and scratches made by man many millenia ago.

Erder treats palm trees in the same way, zooming in on their branches, paying special attention to the different colours of the fronts and the endless patterns they make with themselves and with the light that sparkles through them.

ART REVIEW

When Erder turns her attention to the wider scenes, it is the movement in the landscape that she sees and captures. This is best seen in the diptych of the Dead Sea. Between the stillness of two solid rocks the path rushes away down from us leading our eye across to the blue serenity of the water whose distant horizon fades imperceptibly into the sky. Much in the same way, Erder has caught the dramatic drop of the sandy cliffs that line the valley of Wadi Seer. The precipitous mountainsides seem to fall down the paper, the speed and energy of this fall only arrested by the man-made caves hewn in anti-

Miss Erder who was born in Turkey in 1966 is a graduate of Visual Arts from Bowdoin College. Her work has been exhibited in Lacoste, France and at the Kresge Gallery in Brunswick,



One of the paintings by Mis-Erder currently on display this year to continue her studies Her present exhibition runs until

draws our attention to the riches Maine. Miss Erder plans to re-Majali reviewed with the visiteducational programmes offered visited the antiquities and popubeneath our feet - the ubiturn to the United States later ing delegation the university's by the centre and the methods lar life museum.

Jordan Times

جورين تايمز بومية عربية سياسية مستقلة تصعر مالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأرينية

Editorial Director: RAKAN AL MAJALI **Director General:** DR. RADI AL WAQFI Editor-in-Chief:

DR. WALEED M. SADI

Editorial and advertising offices:

Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171-6, 670141-4, 684311, 684366 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times Advertising Department.

Shared responsibility

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein's directive to the Ministry of Agriculture Monday to compensate farmers whose crops were severely affected by the recent wave of frost will surely be very appreciated and welcomed not only by the farmers who are directly affected but also by the whole country. Food security stands out as the most prominent consideration that any people would like to be assured of and protected. Seen in this vein, the protection of our farmers and their produce is a high priority objective for Jordan and Jordanians. King Hussein's personal intervention to belp out our distressed farmers whose produce was damaged recently by an act of nature is most timely and constitutes the kind of compassion and consideration that the country has become used to from the King.

As for the future, concerned authorities should begin to educate people, especially farmers, on the need to insure their produce against not only frost waves but also against other hazards that may affect their farms. It is unfortunate that we in Jordan have yet to develop the culture of insurance to cover the many risks and hazards that we encounter in our daily lives. Perhaps this is a common characteristic of all developing countries. But as Jordan has made great strides to graduate from the developing countries club — intellectually, economically and politically — it is high time that the government and the insurance companies operating in Jordan begin a campaign to instill in our society the concept of resorting to insurance to make good unexpected losses and failures.

Over and above the reliance on insurance policies, farmers need to learn the most up-to-date art of prevention of damage to their crops from unseen conditions including weather. It would have been in order if the Ministry of Agriculture had issued warnings to farmers whenever weather conditions are projected to cause havoc to their crops. The country could have saved a lot of damage in the past few weeks had our farmers been cautioned through television and radio about the imminent dangers from the kind of frost wave that swept the country recently. In fact this kind of prevention policy can be applied to all of other industries as well to alleviate the suffering, both material and emotional, that they may face now and then. Still prevention is most apt when it comes to agriculture and it is high time for all concerned to act together to apply this cure before tragedy hits us again.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i daily newspaper said Tuesday that King Hussein's visits to the ministries of agriculture, energy and tourism on Monday and his meetings with their officials gave a real boosting to their efforts and breathed more confidence in their work. The paper said that the King has set an example for all senior officials to maintain vigilance over and follow up the work of their subordinates through constant visits and meetings. Public administration work requires such practice which in turn helps to improve performance and boost production, the paper added. In his tour, the King passed directives to the staff of the three ministries urging them to double their efforts to serve the public and he also was briefed on their activities and programmes. The King's encouragement to the staff to maintain close contacts with foreign and international organisations is bound to enhance such programmes and activities and promote the ministries' performance in their respective fields.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily comments on Washington's fresh demands sent to the Palestine Liberation Organisation to be met as a condition before the PLO-U.S. dialogue could continue. The Reagan administration had asked that the PLO recognise U.N. Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338, but the new administration of George Bush seems to be making new demands, says Mahmoud Al Rimawi. He says no one knows what Washington will be demanding from the PLO from now on for the sake of pursuing the dialogue of which only one session has been held so far. But what we know for sure is that the U.S. administration has not asked Israel for any concession, nor has it ever questioned its policy of killing Palestinians and demolishing their homes, the writer continues. He says that no U.S. president has yet asked the Israelis why they refuse a permanent peace and an Israeli puliout from the occupied Arab territories; and Washington itself has not yet given any pledge to support an international conference to establish peace in the Middle East.

Al Dustour daily commented on King Hussein's tour of a number of government ministries to pass directives on a number of matters and to be briefed on their programmes and accomplishments. The paper said that the visits display the very strong ties that bind the ruler with his people, and manifests his keen interest and concern over their well being and their activities. The King demonstrated his care by ordering the Ministry of Agriculture to work out a programme for compensating farmers for their loss of crops in the recent wave of frost that damaged large areas of vegetables and fruit, the paper noted. It said that the King's directives to senior officials at the ministries of energy and tourism clearly manifested his desire to see them expand the sphere of their programmes to benefit the country and the

Sawt Al Shaab daily also dwelt on the King's visit and his directives to the heads of the three ministries and their senior officials. The King's decision to provide compensation to the farmers for their losses sustained as a result of the wave of frost reflects his care for his subjects; and his directives to the ministry staff demonstrates his keenness on promoting the work of the agricultural sector, the paper said. The King's directives in general, the paper added, were aimed at enabling government agencies to provide better and more efficient service, and at the same time boost their work to serve the national interest.

Vienna accord fosters disarmament hopes, new division of Europe

By Carol J. Williams

VIENNA, Austria - While the landmark human rights and security accord approved by 35 nations has narrowed the gap between East and West, it also has widened fractures within Europe's two military alliances.

The Vienna agreement promising broader individual freedoms and mandating new arms-reduction talks has been praised by both superpowers as a bellwether for future disarmament successes.

Yet the very success of the 27-month conference, which ended Thursday, has stirred unrest within the military alliances led by the United States and the Soviet Union.

European members of the 14nation North Atlantic Treaty Organisation are showing mcreasing resistance to U.S. views of how disarmament should proceed on their continent.

And the Socialist allies in the Warsaw Pact have shown markedly different degrees of commitment to the human rights protections spelled out in the Vienna accord.

It remains to be seen whether the internal divisions will widen to cause disabling rifts within the alliances, and much will depend on the superpower leaders.

Soviet President Mikhail S. Gorbachev's reforms face widespread resistance at home, as well as in some East European nations, because of poor and unimproving living conditions and fears the East bloc might bargain away its military might.

W. European pressure

U.S. President George Bush is expected to continue the policies of his predecessor, Ronald Reagan. But mounting pressure from European allies could eventually shake Washington from its dominant role in NATO and re-

more receptive to Soviet over-

At the moment, Gorbachev desperately needs to cut arms spending to stabilise the Soviet economy and improve the living conditions of his people.

The Western allies are aware of the pressure faced by the Soviet leader, as well as the consequences for arms control if Gorbachev succumbs to conservative opponents in the Kremlin.

U.S. diplomats concede the Vienna conference succeeded primarily because of the Soviet Union's political reforms.

State Department spokeswoman Phyllis Oakley said in Washington earlier this month that the Kremlin's release of political prisoners, easing of emigration constraints and more tolerant policies on free speech and religious practice changed the U.S. position on a proposed human rights conference in

Western nations had objected to holding the conference in Moscow because of the Soviet Union's human rights record. That dispute held up final agreement on the Vienna accord until earlier this mouth.

The Vienna meeting served as a followup to the historic 1975 Helsinki human rights agreement among the superpowers, Canada and all European nations except Albania.

The document approved last Sunday declares the right of all citizens to assemble, speak their minds, travel, emigrate and keep an eye on their governments' compliance.

Further talks

It also sets out ambitious goals for better trade ties and environmental protection and institutes a new round of negotiations on reducing conventional armed forces in Europe, the CAFE

sult in a disarmament approach talks, to begin in Vienna on their governments, if they are deeply into their stockpiles of

Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze, in Vienna for the closing session of the conference, said the Kremlin would fully disclose its count of troops and armaments in Europe before the start of the CAFE talks. Arguments and secrecy over existing conventional force strength have stymied the current negotiations since they began 15

Asked why he was so confident the CAFE talks would be able to avoid the pitfalls of the older forum, Shevardnadze said the East and West military alliances are under increasing internal pressure to improve international relations.

"I have confidence that progress will be achieved because it's something our peoples want, and

ON THE BASIS OF

"SUFFICIENCY"

GORBACHEY WANTS TO

DECIDE MILITARY STRENGTH

true governments, should express the will of the people," the Soviet official told reporters in Vienna.

In his speech Thursday, the closing day of the Vienna meeting, Shevardnadze announced that the Soviets would be unilaterally removing some of their short-range nuclear arms from Eastern Europe and called on NATO to negotiate the removal of its remaining European-based missiles with ranges of 500 kilometres or less.

NEWS ANALYSIS

All missiles of intermediate range are being withdrawn and dismantled under an accord signed between the superpowers in Washington in December 1987. And the U.S. and Soviet negotiators say they are making good progress on a pact to cut

SUFFICIENCY?

strategic nuclear weapons.

The U.S. government has repeatedly stated that it does not want to negotiate or remove shortrange nuclear missiles until a Soviet advantage in conventional armed forces is reduced.

thing left except the short- said Washington wants to see a "There's not going to be anyrange," a senior U.S. diplomat commented, referring to the progress made and envisioned in removing medium- and longrange missiles from Europe. "If we want to keep the flexible response doctrine credible, I don't see any way we can negotiate these in the foreseeable fu-

NATO's "flexible response doctrine" holds that the Western alliance must keep its nuclear weapons option until the Soviet advantage in troops, tanks, artillery and other conventional weapons is reduced.

MUST BE SOME

RUSSIAN WORD

Rift in NATO?

But West Germany and other NATO members have been chafing under that doctrine and other constraints on the pace of disarmament.

Stephen Ledogar, the U.S. ambassador to the CAFE talks, Soviet reduction in conventional forces first. But he added, "I'm' not trying to suggest there is no difference of opinion within the alliance.

Within the Warsaw Pact, the !-Soviet Union's planned pullouts are popular with the general public but problematic for the Communist leaderships that have traditionally relied on Kremlin military backing.

Even more divisive to the Warsaw Pact is the question of human rights and the varying degrees of willingness among the Socialist allies to emulate the Kremlin's policies of glasnost, or greater frankness on selected social and political issues, and perestroika, or revamping the economy.

Hungary played a maverick role at the Vienna meeting, siding with Western positions long before the rest of the Communist countries and promising to review and revise all laws relating to individual freedoms.

Czechoslovakia made no such. commitment, and Romania. claimed it had the right to exempt: itself from provisions for international review of an individual nation's compliance with the. accord.

In the first days after the agreement, police broke up demonstrations in East Germany. Bulgaria and Czechoslovakia and arrested activists.

The accord earned the approval of the entire Warsaw Pact, but the Soviet Union, Poland and Hungary have shown themselves to be significantly more willing to put it into practice than the four other East-bloc allies.

The myth of Israel's 'rule of law'

By Stanley Cohen

FOR A LONG time now perhaps since the beginning of the occupation in 1967, at least for the last 10 years and certainly since the start of the intifada in EL 179/ myth has been circulating under the title of "The Rule of Law in Israel." The myth goes something like this:

"Israel is and always has been a functioning liberal democracy. All the standard elements of the rule of law are honoured: civil rights, freedom of speech, an independent judiciary, due process, the right to appeal...and so on. True, there are occasional lapses and departures but these are invariably brought to light and the system contains mechanisms to rectify its own errors. As to the occupied territories well, that's an entirely different story. Everyone understands that the rule of law ends beyond the Green Line. Military regulations, the security situation, public safety, the needs of the army and settlers, varied interpretations of International Law - all this means that conventional notions of justice and human rights must be suspended pending a political solution."

This myth is disseminated in different circles for quite different reasons. Government supporters who understand well

the claim that the whole occupathe luxury of legality.

More important, though, opponents of the government also find the myth helpful and are responsible for working out its most elaborate forms. Thus politicians from left-liberal parties, civil liberties groups, liberal lawyers and academics all employ the myth as a criticism of the government. How dreadful that these official illegalities and violation of human rights are occurring: detention without trial, collective punishment, deportation. They will only stop when a political solution is found (ending the occupation, as some will even concede). Meanwhile, the legal system can only be used to restrain or delay the more gross violations (for example by anneals to the Supreme Court). All we can do now is be vigilant - and set up civil rights bodies to monitor and condemn these violations according to the high standards that apply here in

These critics all earnestly repeat this story to themselves, their students and colleagues and

enough the manifest absurdity of to credulous journalists and visi- ministry staff who deal only with tors from abroad. It's a good tion and the repression of the story - and it even contains a most senior people (certainly the uprising are being conducted kernel of truth. No one can same attorney general and minis-according to the rule of law, find seriously deny that the major ter) are responsible for both sides the myth useful to justify any- lines of the rule of law are present of the Green Line? And how thing. "Here," things are fine, in Israel - just to the same extent about documents such as the over there" we can't afford that they are absent in the occu- Landau Commission's report on pied territories. But beyond this, the myth bears no relationship at all to reality. An intelligent schoolchild will surely spot the following points:

> the same Israeli Police Force responsible to the same Minister of Police, also serve in the territories? And what about the police operating in East Jerusalem and its surrounding villages and re-fugee camps? (Is East Jerusalem "here" or "there"?) Then there are the Border Police (who are responsible for some of the worst "irregularities" in the past year) - aren't they formally part of the Israeli Police rather than the army? Courts: hasn't it been the

regular Israeli courts that have dged occupation cases — land confiscation, deportation, house demolition, appeals — for the last 20 years? And surely these same courts deal with the crimes (killings, assaults, harassment) by the (illegal) settlers from the terri-

Ministry of Justice: there might be some members of the Education Corps who give lec-

occupation matters — but surely the General Security Service: did this permit "reasonable force" in torturing only people with mailing addresses across the border?

Prison and detention: what Police: do not members of about those prisons in the territories - Jenin, Nablus, Ramallah, Hebron Jnaid, Gaza which hold some 1,600 prisoners and are run not by the army, but the regular Israeli Prison Service? Then there are prisons and detention centres in Israel — Ansar III, Atlit, Ramla, Meggido, the Russian Compound — which hold (illegally) at least 3,000 Palestinians from the territories, but also belong to the regular Prison Service.

Settlers: yes, they live in the territories, but aren't they subject entirely to the normal Israeli legal

Army: surely these are ordinary Israeli citizens — not foreign mercenaries - who are serving in the occupying forces? And are not some of these soldiers (the doctors in places like Dahariya, the lawyers who staff the military courts, those in the

the very same people who think that the occupation is "out there"? And so on.

It would be an insult to anyone's intelligence to "prove" these points with detailed evidence. There is only one simp fact to remember: the Israeli state is a single unity. For over half the 40 years since its existence, it has directly controlled a directly adjacent territory over which it claims sovereignty. The notion that a state's claim to the rule of law can be divided geographically is pure

Why, then, don't Israeli liberals see this? (The right, of course, with its concept of "Greater Israel" has long denied the myth). Some perhaps, might genuinely miss the point. Most, I'm sure, understand things well enough — but need a morally convenient way to evade some tricky political and professional choices. The myth allows for business as usual. So: self-congratulation tempered with moderate criticism about Israel; apparently radical criticism about the occupation. Such critics are not even consistent. If they really mean what they say, they have only two choices: working politically to end the occupation or working professionally to deny the legitimacy they give to the

Meantime, my colleagues in the Law Faculty here at Mount Scopus continue teaching about "the rule of law" — while in parts of East Jerusalem, or villages and refugee camps a few hundred metres away, people are being shot, beaten up and summaril arrested. Some days you can smell the tear gas from the

At about this time last year, students were awarded their law degrees at the annual graduation ceremony. It was the usual pleasant occasion, attended by students, lecturers and proud parents. Fine words were addressed to the graduates by a Supreme Court judge: the rule of law was the principle that transcended all else. On January 25th, this year's graduation will take place (and there will be similar rituals at other universities, at the Bar Association, in the Knesset, in the courts). The rule of law will again be sanctified. I hope that I'm wrong, but I doubt that any of the speakers will refer to 10year-old children being killed, to the conditions in Ansar or to women being beaten in detention. To do so would be bad taste or — the worst offence of all — to. bring politics into academic life. The writer is professor of criminology at the Hebrew University. His article is reprinted from The

Polish party agreement could lead to historic compromise

By John Daniszewski The Associated Press

GDANSK, Poland - The decision of the Communist Party to reverse a seven-year stand against the Solidarity trade union and offer legalisation under negotiated terms opens the possibility of a compromise unprecedented in the history of the Communist

Although it is far too early to forecast whether such a farreaching agreement can be obtained, Communist leaders for the first time have offered to negotiate with an independent, popular opposition movement on the structure of political and social freedoms affecting the entire

Unlike the talks with solidarity in 1980, authorities this time openly state that they want to negotiate about the party-dominated political system — to find ways to legalise opposition to the government and to institutional-

ise an opposition in the parliament.

The talks would cover trade unions, the first goal of Solidarity. But the subjects of associations

and clubs, elections, freedom of the press, parliament representation and changes in the constitution also are expected to be part of the talks at the "round table" on Poland's future. And unlike the Solidarity upheaval of 1980, the government

can plausibly say the talks this time are voluntary and not forced by a nationwide series of strikes since the Polish labour scene is mostly quiet at the moment. Even the normally skeptical Solidarity leader Lech Walesa seemed impressed by the docu-

ment on trade union and political freedoms issued at the end of a tumultuous party central committee meeting last week. Referring to the party's strong endorsement of economic, poli-

said: "It has never happened in the party before. It will mean breaking the monopoly (on power). And that is the point.

The Solidarity national leadership Sunday agreed that the government's expression of wilingness to legalise the union removed the last obstacle to the talks. A Solidarity spokesman said they should start "very soon," perhaps in a matter of days or a few weeks.

NEWS ANALYSIS

The union was playing down what could be perceived as a moment of victory and vindication after the experience of martial-law jailings and trials, and the harsh rhetoric toward Walesa and Solidarity that continued until last fall.

But Walesa said it was too early to celebrate. "I ask that there be no euphor-

tical and social "pluralism," he ja," he told a crowd of about

5,000 supporters outside St. Brygida's church in Gdansk on Sunday. Much skepticism remains in the

signed agreement with the government in August 1980 guaranteeing its right to exist. But the accord proved meaningless when Polish leader Gen. Wojciech Jaruzelski called out his troops and interned thousands of Solidarity members

Solidarity ranks, based on past

experience. The union had a

in the Dec. 13, 1981, martial-law crackdown. There are suspicions now that the government wants an accord with Solidarity only in order to calm a huge wave of public unrest that appears to be building thanks to another year of steep inflation

Polish living standards dropped sharply in the early 1980s and still have not climbed back to the

and lack of consumer goods in

level of a decade ago. Walesa warned in a television debate in November that Poland is in danger of falling further and further behind the rest of Europe.

He argues for labour calm because widespread strikes would be harmful to the economy. But at the same time he stresses that the union must have the right to strike in extreme cases, and that he will not sign any agreement with the government at the cost of Solidarity's independence.

A government source demanding anonymity said authorities are counting on Solidarity to help keep the peace and expressed confidence that if the union and authorities form a partnership, they will be able to keep factories caim so that planned economic

reforms have a chance to work. Solidarity's national spokesman, Janusz Onyszkiewicz, said Sunday that the union "will not be pushed into the role of the police or a fire brigade" to put

out strikes.

cuss economic reform. ... If it works then there will be no need to make a general strike. But that does not mean that all local issues can be resolved smoothly without some kind of action."

Jerusalem Post

The dramatic change of course by the Polish government can be explained in several ways.:

In addition to the specter of strikes larger than the two waves of labour unrest that shocked the country last year, there has been a building consensus — encouraged by Poland's powerful Roman Catholic church - that the country will never move forward without compromise between the government and opposition.

And some credit has to be given to Walesa's performance on the nationwide TV debate in November. While coming out strongly for reinstating Solidarity, Walesa also convinced authorities that he is a responsible leader who does not want to plunge Poland into a wave of confronta-But he said, "we want to dis- tion and strikes.

Not another neurotic

By Steve Lobs

LONDON - Max von Sydow knew he wanted to be in ! Pelle the Conqueror" by the time he had read just 25 pages of the

The script was a page-turner, he recalled but more important was the character be was being asked to play, that of an ordinary individual who, in the course of the story, displays the full range of human emotion — the kind of role, he says, that comes his way too rarely in Hollywood.

"Most of the parts I get are fanatics or strange and neurotic characters," said von Sydow, whose Hollywood credits include Jesus in George Stevens's film The Greatest Story Ever Told" and the title role in William Friedkin's Exorcist.

"So when I read the script for Pelle," I felt this was something I was looking for," the 59-year-old Swedish actor explains.

"Pelle the Conqueror," in a sense, was looking for you Sydow as well. The Danish director Bille August viewed the part of the Swedish labourer Lasse Karlsson. played by von Sydow, as "the pivotal role in the film."

And, he said, "I had Max von Sydow in mind for the part from the moment I began writing the

script."
The combination has produced an unusual film and a memorable performance from von Sydow, both of which have attracted widespread critical acclaim. The Danish film won the Golden Palm for best film at this year's Cannes Festival. And at the first annual European Film Awards in Berlin last month, von Sydow won the best-actor prize for his performance in 'Pelle the Conqueror," receiving a Felix, a statuette intended to be the European equivalent of Hollywood's

In it, von Sydow plays the impoverished and aging widower Lasse, who emigrates from southern Sweden to Denmark at the turn of the century with his young son, Pelle, his few wordly possessions, his misery and his hopes for a better life. On the ship to the

Danish island of Bornholm, where Lasse once worked when he was young, in better times, he fills. Pelle with his romantic memories. According to Lasse's recollections, their new home-tobe is an Edenic isle, compared to rural Sweden.

In this flush of optimism, Lasse feels compelled to pass on to Pelle a nugget of fatherly insight, which is more wishing than wisdom, running contrary to Lasse's life, experience. "You're still young, Pelle," he says. "You can conquer the world." The vignette explains the title of the film, a story of a father and his son. The time - the start of the 1900s and the place - a Danish farm -

are painstakingly re-created.

Besides the father-and-son theme, there are stories of love and lust, betrayal and retribution involving other characters, giving the two-and-a-half hour movie an epic quality and showing the hardship and injustice of the semi-feudal society of the time.

The movie is based on a book that was a clarion call for Scandinavian socialism. First published in 1906, the four-volume novel "Pelle the Conqueror" was intended by its author, Martin Andersen Nexo, to be a Bible of the Danish working class. August and the producer Per Holst, who obtained the film rights to the novel in 1983, decided that the novel was not manageable as a single movie. Instead, they chose to focus on the first volume. And in that volume, Nexo was still just telling a story. It was his feel for historical narrative and his selection of everyday people as characters, that explain why Nexo has occasionally been compared to Charles Dickens.

Von Sydow was raised in Lund in southern Sweden, the same part of the country his character, Lasse, emigrates from ln his dressing room in London's Old Vic Theatre, where he was playing Prospero in Jonathan Miller's staging of "The Tempest" last month, von Sydow recalled growing up in the 1930s and seeing the pocket knife. "It's just a poor way people lived in the country-man's gift," Lasse says. Not to way people lived in the countryside, which had changed little Pelle, who hugs his father with

felt as though I knew Lasse Karlsson," von Sydow said.

The actor was given considerable leeway by the director in shaping the role of Lasse. Though August, a Dane, speaks Swedish, he left much of Lasse's dialogue, spoken in a Swedish rural dialect, to von Sydow. "The inflection and the words were up to me," be

Rural labourers like Lasse led a life that was barely better than slavery, working on yearly con-tracts, which paid them so little that only the most frugal could save enough to move on to something better. They were victims of social injustice — poorly housed, poorly fed and powerless. "That is why they were treated

so badly," von Sydow said. "That is why the manager on Stone Farm can treat Lasse and the others so badly and get away with

Shortly after Lasse and Pelle arrive on Stone Farm, Pelle is whipped by the farm manager's trainee, and Lasse vows to avenge the indignity. Later, Lasse starts to confront the trainee but backs down, realising that to do so could threaten his meager

Watching this, Pelle has his faith in his father badly shaken and bursts into tears. "Lasse is a weak man and socially, he is on the absolutely lowest level," von Sydow said, "But he sometimes gets carried away and tries to act bigger than he is, like in the scene with the trainee.

"At the same time," he contimued, "Lasse is totally loyal, and he truly loves his son. So what you get is this wonderful pattern of many emotions between the father and the boy."

One of von Sydow's favourite scenes takes place on the spring morning of Pelle's birthday. The two share a handful of "real Swedish strawberries" that Lasse had planted months before, and he hands Pelles a little, tissuewrapped parcel containing a from the period in the film. "So I gratitude and affection.

children out on the streets where

IRA snipers lie in wait for passing

labelled as Dickensian scrooge

playing fields.



Von Sydow: "I felt this was something I was looking for."

social bierarchy, when he is

offered a job as a trainee. Lasse is

overjoyed at this shred of good

his son's success he will finally get

some power," von Sydow says.

"In his limited circumstances, it is

But his brief hopes are dashed

when Pelle, sensing that there

must be a brighter, more adven-

turous world beyond the gates of

Stone Farm, decides to shun the

trainee's job and leave the farm

to face an unknown future. Pelle

packs to leave, with Lasse helping

him. But Lasse tells Pelle he is

not going with him, sobbing with

emotion, partly because he will

miss his son but also for himself,

knowing that by not going along

he is admitting the inevitable:

Stone Farm is the end of the line

as much as he can hope for."

"The father feels that through

For his part, von Sydow was a bit wary at the outset of his co-star, Pelle Hvenegaard, a 13year-old Copenhagen schoolboy selected after a yearlong search auditioning 4,000 hopefuls. (In a striking coincidence. Hvenegaard had been after the character in the novel, which his mother was reading during her pregnancy).

"Pelle" spans a year at Stone Farm, but the film was shot in about seven months on a farm a couple hours' drive from Copenhagen. For much of the time, the company of three dozen people lived in several small farm huts. The forceful scenes of the harsh, snowy desolation on the Danish coast in the film were enhanced considerably by the winter of 1986-87. "We were really lucky because we had a spectacular winter that year in Denmark," von Sydow recalled.

for Lasse. At the end of the movie, Pelle "I just love the ending," von is given an opportunity to climb Sydow says. — International up a rung in the Stone Farm

The displeased coral diver was small beer

LONDON — The Tunisian coral diver had come to the conference of 140 environmentalists from 60 countries hoping to find experts who would know why the coral was dying in the local bay. He beld up a withered branch of coral and begged to be told why his livelihood was becoming extinct there in Tabarka, a small tourist town near the border with Algeria. But answer came there

Oh, one Italian environmentalist speculated that the coral's creeping death might be caused by illicit dumping of toxic chemicals rejected by a West African country. A Dutchman said it might be caused by the blanket spraying of insecticide intended to halt the recent locust invasion of Tunisia. A Tunisian added that the insecticide had already all but wiped out the bee population; he wasn't surprised to see the coral dying as well.

The coral diver's plight caused scarcely a stir. The reason was that the conference's delegates, mostly from the Third World, had come to this corner of Tunisia anxious to tell the world their own horror stories.

A West African delegate told of whole villages being engulfed by sand. A Chilean railed against the environmentally ignorant policies of the Pinochet regime. It was said that in 1988 perhaps as much as one-fifth of the Amazon's rain forest had been put to the torch. A young African lambasted his government's policy of resettling nomads - "the only people who know how to get a living from the desert fringe without destroying it."

Story after story put flesh on the dry bones of the South's environmental crisis. A New Zealand delegate who made an impassioned plea for nations to keep their hands off Antarctica's frozen treasure of resources didn't get much of a hearing.

The recent newspaper reports of illegal logging having led to mud slides that killed hundreds in

Sudan partly induced by desertification, served to underline the fact that in the poor countries -home to more than three-quarters of the human race vironment is a matter of sheer

In by far the best address to the conference, Ron Leger, a Canadian aid official, said the Third World's ecological debt crisis was incomparably more serious than the financial crisis. And when the conference broke up into specialist work groups, many participants argued that the two cannot be separated. In their efforts to claw their way out of crushing debt and poverty, these countries were being forced to plunder nature's capital: the forests, grasslands and marine resources.

But this was no ritual bashing of the wealthy West. The delegates' own governments came in for equally harsh criticism for lamely mimicking patterns of growth that benefit the elites and punish the poor.

The conference in Tabarka was organised by the Environment Liaison Centre International, a Nairobi-based umbrella group of 7,000 so-called non-governmental organisations, and financed by ne Nordic countries and Canada. The official purpose was to consider how the World Commission on Environment and Development's 1987 Brundtland report could be made to work.

That commission, headed by Gro Harlem Brundtland, Norway's prime minister, called for a "new era of economic growth" based on staying "within the planet's ecological means." Some delegates made optimistic noises, but there was no getting away from a deep and abiding pessimism, a feeling that matters are going to get a lot worse before there is any hope of general improvement.

"We're still dealing with symp-toms, not the causes," said independent Television Trust for Richard Sandbrook, vice presi- the Environment, which is codent of the International Institute for Environment and Develop- ment Programme and Central Inment. The inequities of the global *dependent Television PLC. He economy were the underlying contributed this comment to the Thailand, and of the famine in reasons for the accelerating des- International Herald Tribune.

truction of the planetary resource base, he said. He reserved his barshest criticism for economics, "an arrogant discipline" which took no account of the quality and stocks of natural resources and the plight of the poor.

Many delegates left Tunisia knowing there would be more stories about landslides, floods and toxic poisons tucked away on the inside pages of our newspapers. And knowing, too, that these tragic incidents would not be seen as evidence of our global self-interest in taking the radical steps advocated by the Brundtland report. The most gloomy scenario is that it's going to take a global catastrophe that hits the West hard before the world moves. It may be ozone depletion and global warming that provide the spur. Or the mass extinction of animal and plant species as tropical forests are rolled back to a handful of fenced-in-parks.

As someone involved full-time in the international environmental movement for more than a decade, I have attended dozens of meetings like the one in Tabarka. This was the first time that I came away with the feeling that the problems are so overwhelming that rich and poor alike will have to awake and apply a common global strategy if a catastrophe is to be avoided. We have such a strategy in the Brundtland report's recommendations. Support from Canada, the Netherlands and the Scandinavian countries is keeping the report on the world's agenda.

There is, however, just a ghost of a chance that public opinion, North and South, will reach a point where governments will have to tackle the root causes of environmental impoverishment. Something radical has to be done.

sponsored by the U.N. Environ-

Toys could be deadly in N. Ireland

By Paul Majendie

BELPAST --- The deadly rocker launcher peeked out from behind. a garden wall. Trigger-tense, the patrol braced for an IRA attack.

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Then a 10-year-old boy ran out into the street waving a toy pistol. •
The British soldiers gasped with relief and a tragedy was narrowly averted.

The "rocket launcher" was a toy held by another child. That recent brush with death

has prompted Northern Ireland nolice to issue a heartfelt appeal to parents — keep your children off the streets if they are going toplay with such realistic toy guns.

"No child has ever been killed (in this way) but it has only been IRA car bombs. by good fortune and quick thinking," a police spokesman said. Police also made their point

or the difference between the Almost 3,000 people have died in the 20-year-old battle by Irish

Republic Army (IRA) guerrillas to oust Britain from Northern Iteland. To many children, the mean

little backstreets of Belfast and Londonderry have always been full of soldiers patrolling through

forcefully by producing a photo display of real and toy guns and asking the public if they could deadly weapon and the plaything.

> "Children are innocent and do not appreciate the dangers involved whether they are playing cowboys and Indians or soldiers and terrorists." Police want to avoid being

figures — "you try not to be the person who wants to stop a child getting his Christmas present," the police spokesman said: But the recent near-tragedy on the streets on Londonderry, Northern Ireland's second largest city,

> tween a game and death in the gutter. "A patrol spotted a rocket launcher being pointed at it from behind a garden wall," the

> showed how thin is the line be-

spokesman said. "As the members of the patrol prepared to react to the threat, a

burned-out ghettos blasted by young boy was seen to run from a nearby house carrying a handgun.
"The members of the patrol A lingering media image from

fortunately realised the signifi-cance of this and discovered that one of the 20th century's longestrunning guerrilla conflicts is of six-year-old children pelting the rocket launcher was a threearmoured vehicles with stones. foot toy carried by another 10-Police say parents should hamyear-old.

Both toys were very realistic. Indeed, the rocket launcher was particularly lifelike. The highly dispatrols — the killing fields are not ciplined reaction of the patrol averted a possible tragedy.

The RPG-7 rocket launcher is a favourite weapon of the IRA. One street in a west Belfast nationalist ghetto has been re-

named RPG-7 Avenue by locals. Between some housing estates, there are ideal "sniper alleys" where gunmen can have an uninterrupted view down a 100-metre

It is an ideal place to take out "the tailend Charlie," the last man going past on an army patrol, before melting back into the anonymous backstreets.

Police realise that peer pressure among children can have deadly after-effects.

"The young child obviously wants to have a gun that is as realistic as possible. He doesn't want a water pistol," the spokes-

Persuading crops to grow, a thought for the future

ONE of Man's lon tions has been to make the desert fertile, creating vast new food resources for the world's increasing population.

The vision remains a fair distance from reality, but a significant signpost is now being erected along that road as scientists work to convert barren, coastal salt flats into viable crop-growing areas. Their strategy is largely to adapt crop-strains by genetic engineering to suit the soil rather than by trying through chemical means to alter the nature of the

The project could open up huge tracts of hitherto sterile land for agriculture and livestock rearing. It is estimated that nearly one billion hectares of the world's land surface is affected by salt an area roughly the size of

Canada. About half the world's farms have been damaged, the problem being particularly severe in arid and semi-arid regions where a

high temperature leads to increasing salinity of soil. In many countries large areas of coastal plains are never cultivated because of the high concentration of

Some plants, however, have been found to flourish in salt flats irrigated only by seawater, and scientists have been developing superstrains of these over the last 20 years at the University of Arizona's Environmental Research Laboratory. A group of researchers from

the American institution now runs a farm for the ruler of. Sharjah, one of the seven United Arab Emirates, on 40 bectares of salt flats at Kalba near the Straits of Hormuz. Their work could have a dramatic impact on agriculture in the Gulf region.

Despite a 30 per cent salinity in the soil, the researchers have succeeded in raising a crop of salcomia, also known as saltwort, a succulent once eaten widely in became a dietary preference.

Salcornia is a botanical eccentric. It thrives on salt. It bathes happily in sea water - and it feeds farm animals as well as conventional fodder. Sixty pure-bred Damascus

goats were tried out on a diet of salcornia at Kalba earlier this year. Apparently the goats had no complaints. They gained as much weight from salcomia hay as they had from more orthodox fodder. The Arizona researchers are now hoping for a similar reaction from sheep.

The importance of this work for the Gulf's future agriculture lies in the researchers' claim that a single hectare sown to salcornia could rear up to 20 goats or sheep.

With salt flats stretching from Abu Dhabi in the UAE to Kuwait in the north, the region's potential for livestock farming is considerable. To carry the project forward, research teams have

surveyed other areas of Shariat and around 2,000 hectares of land in Abu Dhabi.

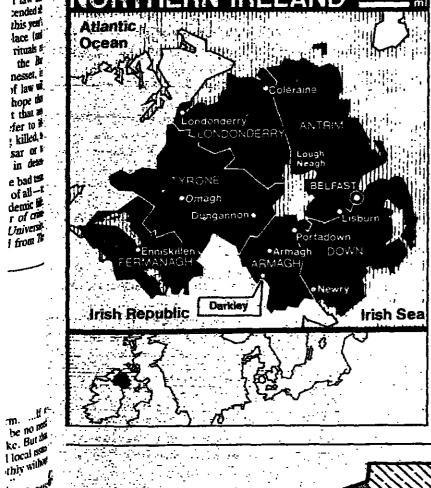
Other salcornia-growing trials are taking place in Kuwait and Egypt, and one is also planned for Saudi Arabia.

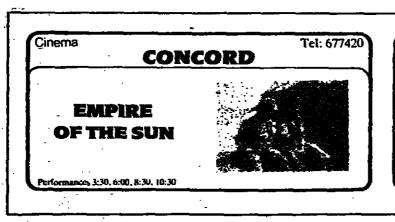
The salcornia strain now being used in places like Kalba, developed by the U.S. Environmental Research Agency, is for commercial reasons a closely-guarded secret. But future growing in saline soils may focus increasingly

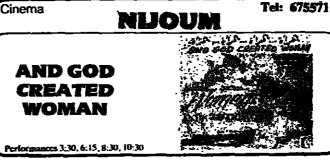
adapted to improve their tolerance to salt. In the long term, such crops as wheat, cotton, rice, barley, sugarcane and pulses may be persuaded to grow in salt marshes.

on conventional crops specially

Already the British Overseas Development Administration is funding an international effort among research institutions in Britain and Mexico, aimed at producing a strain of wheat as salt-tolerant as salcornia - Lion









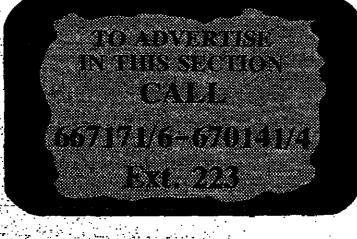




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BRUSSELS (R) — The European Community (EC) has approved

five-year development aid packages for Cyprus and Malta worth a total \$113 million, diplomats said. Both Mediterranean islands

have association agreement with the EC and are seen as possible

future candidates for membership of the 12-nation group. The

diplomats said EC foreign ministers agreed to give Cyprus grants

and loans totalling 62 million European Currency Unites (ECUS) (\$70 million). They are intended to benefit both the Greek and

Turkish communities on the divided island. Malta will receive a

similar aid package worth 38 million ECUS (\$43 million). Cyprus

will be getting less than the 44 million ECUS (\$50 million) it

received under the last programme while aid to Malta will rise from 29.5 million ECUS (\$33.3 million). Both new packages include

cash to help set up joint ventures between EC firms and those from

ANKARA (AP) — A Soviet embassy official has said Turkey and

the Soviet Union plan to more than double their mutual trade

volume this year. Viktor Litvinov, the Soviet trade counselor here,

told a news conference that the volume rose to \$700 million worth in 1988 from \$476 million in 1987. He said there were plans

to increase the volume this year to \$1.5 billion. He also said the two

countries were striving for a more balanced trade. He said Turkish

imports from the Soviet Union increased to \$300 million in 1988

from \$170 million in 1987. Turkish imports registered at \$400

million, up from \$307 million a year earlier. Litvinov said the

Soviet Union ordered 12 ships from Turkey this month, an

\$80-million order. He also said that a Turkish construction

company began to build two health and resort centres in the

Caucasus in October. Litvinov said another Turkish construction

company, Enka, would soon start the construction of a \$1,000-bed

health centre and the refurbishing of the Petrovsky Trade Centre in

Moscow. The two projects are estimated to cost around \$80°

Turkish-Soviet trade to increase

Cyprus, Maita get EC grants, loans

Due to speculative trading

Wil prices tumble sharply

ABU DHABI (R) — Speculative trading in the world oil market has sent prices tumbling despite sharply lower output by key Gulf OPEC states, industry cources said Tuesday.

"All Gulf states are sticking to (OPEC output) quotas, but we cannot control everything, said an executive of a state-owned oil company in the Gulf who declined to be named.

Spot market prices for Dubai crude, the Middle East benchmark, fell to \$14.40 per barrel in Tokyo Tuesday, \$1.5 below Friday's level.

The drop was caused by traders taking profits from recent gains. Prices had risen by more than \$5 since November, when the 13 members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (CPEC) agreed to cut output by nearly 20 per cent in the first half of 1989 to 18.5 million barrels per day (b/d).

Industry sources said OPEC output in the first half of January was about 19 million b/d, with key OPEC producers Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) drastically cutting production.

We are sacrificing, we are doing what peole are expecting us to do... but we are not getting the results," the oil company execu-

'Cutside of OPEC, people are playing with (prices) maybe for their own benefit," he said.

Saudi Arabia, ÓPEC's biggest producer, pumped an average of 4.53 million b/d in the first three weeks of January, just over its

day agreed to impose stiff duties

on some U.S. imports but de-

layed putting the sanctions in

place to give both sides more time

to resolve a trans-Atlantic trade

warned that the 12-nation Euro-

pean Community will levy the.

tariffs if there is no movement to

ease the conflict by the ministers'

American administration will

adopt a more intelligent atti-

tude," he told reporters.

"We hope the new North

U.S. officials said they were

We want to make every effort

pleased with the Community's.

decision to delay implementing

to first contain and then resolve

this dispute, and this decision... is

clearly a positive step in that

direction." said a statement from

the U.S. mission to the Com-

But it also said officials were

list of products "which could

Spain's foreign minister, Fran-

dispute.

Feb. 20 meeting.

the sanctions.

munity.

against U.S. exports

European foreign ministers Mon- counter-retaliation."

BRUSSELS, Belgium (AP) - eventually be the target of...

cisco Fernandez Ordonez, tariffs on a variety of products

"very concerned" about the ment they will take stock of the

ministers' decision to approve a situation" at their Feb. 20

hormones.

new quota of 4.524 million b/d, industry sources said.

In December Saudi Arabia pumped 6.6 million b/d, according to a Reuter survey. The sources added that most

other Gulf producers have also reuced output to around quota Six Gulf producers — Saudi

Arabia, Kuwait, Iraq, Iran, the UAE and Qatar — account for two-thirds of total OPEC output under the new pact.

Industry sources say that as they depend heavily on oil revenue they are eager for the pact to hold, to stop prices falling further.

OPEC's last output pact was undermined by quota violations by many of its members. Prices slumped as a result to as low as \$7 a barrel last year.

"The signs so far in January show that Gulf states are keen to adhere to the (quota) agreement," an industry analyst in the Gulf said

"The amounts of oil to be sold by producer states in February are either lower or at January

levels," he added. Industry sources say Saudi Arabia's export volume to Far East customers in February will be

25 per cent down on January. They said Abu Dhabi, the biggest producer in the UAE, has

ordered a 10 per cent cut in **EC** delays sanctions

The dispute was touched off by

the Community's decision to im-

pose on Jan. 1 a ban on U.S. meat

from cattle treated with growth

slapping, also on Jan. 1, higher

from the Community.

The United States retaliated by

Representatives of the Euro-

pean nations earlier in the month

agreed on a series of counter-

measures to boost duties to 100

per cent on U.S. imports of

unshelled walnuts and dried fruit,

including apricots, peaches,

the trading group's executive

body, asked the ministers to im-

pose the retaliatory tariffs on

But Fernandez Ordonez said

the ministers decided against set-

ting a date so as "not to diminish

room for manoeuvring we have

U.S. President George Bush.

with the new administration" of

The ministers said in a state-

prunes, apples and pears.

The European Comm

Abu Dhabi has produced about the total UAE quota level of

988,000 b/d in January, the sources added.

Dubai, the UAE's second oil producer, produced about 400,000 b/d giving a total UAE figure for the month of about 1.4 million b/d.

The country's output in December was two million b/d, according to a Reuter survey.

OPEC, non-OPEC experts meet today

Meanwhile, OPEC and eight oil producing nations which do not belong to the group will renew a dialogue this week on cooperation to curb output and

buoy energy prices.

OPEC has for some time cherished the goal of getting other sellers to help it curb production so as to be able to charge more for oil.

London talks Thursday at the official level will renew a process which was broken off in April. The officials will seek a basis for a joint ministers' meeting and also enerate ideas for an accord. OPEC sources said.

"One goal is to prepare the path for an OPEC/non-OPEC ministers' meeting and maybe shape an embryo agreement," an OPEC official said.

"The main idea is to try to arrive at a common view of the market and try to reconcile people's positions on how they see the market developing in terms of demand, supply and prices," he

Experts from six OPEC countries - Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Nigeria, Indonesia, Kuwait and Venezuela — will meet in Vienna Wednesday to coordinate the

RABAT (R) — Liberal economic

policies and export success are

winning Morocco plaudits from

the World Bank despite a report

that its foreign debt, one of the

world's highest, is even bigger

The bank's annual list of Third

World debtors ranked Morocco

in eighth place at the end of 1987

with debts of \$22 billion, up from

\$17 billion calculated a year ago

Economic analysts said only

part of the gap could be explained

by a fall in the value of Morocco's

dirham currency against the dol-

lar. Recent finance ministry fi-

gures put total debt at no more

bit of a stir. No one really seems

to be able to explain them," a

But the figures do not seem to

worry World Bank officials who

are praising Morocco for briskly

reviving its fortunes since it had to reschedule its debts in 1983.

in reducing the imbalances that

have beset the economy since the

financial crisis of 1983 can be

characterised as nothing less than.

impressive," Kemal Davis, head

of the bank's Morocco section,

One of the few Arab countries

The strides made by Morocco

Western diplomat said.

"These figures have caused a

than previously thought.

or end-1986.

than \$19 billion.

Despite surprise higher debt

A similar gathering of experts from eight non-OPEC countries Angola, Brunei, China, Colombia, Egypt, Mexico, Malaysia and North Yemen - will also be held in London Wednesday to be followed Thursday by a meeting of both groups.

Representatives from the U.S. states of Texas and Alaska and a Soviet observer will attend the

But Britain and Norway, the North Sea producers, have said they will not. Britain says market forces must set the price of oil. But Nigerian sources said at the weekend that Britain and Norway were almost certainly in contact with participants.

Last April, non-OPEC countries offered to cut their exports by five per cent to help end the world oil glut, provided OPEC also cut excess supply.

OPEC divisions, largely stemming from the Iraq-Iran war, made that impossible then, but on Jan. 1 the group finally introduced new output quotas cutting back about 15 per cent.

A cut by non-OPEC sellers might now depend "on how you see the market," an OPEC source said. "The first thing to do is to check both parties' view of

the market situation." But the official added: "OPEC will try to avoid turning the meeting into a bargaining session. They won't say, what can you offer? It will be more... an attempt to find common ground.

Mehdi Varzi, an oil analyst with London brokers Kleinwort Grievson, said: "If nothing is proposed it might dent the market's positive feeling... the experts have got to come up with a signal to pave the way for a

with no oil, Morocco was hit hard

by a steep fall in the price of

phosphate, its main export, and

sharp rises in the dollar and in

Morocco's success since stems

from traditional International

Monetary Fund (IMF) remedies

of liberalisation and austerfty,

which brought a current account

The black ink, based on better

. was u

record harvest last year a far

bigger 1988 surplus is expected.

Egypt and Algeria have higher

debts, but are better off when

debt is expressed as a percentage

of gross national product or com-

pared to earnings from exports -

two measures used by the bank to

last month lent Morocco \$200

million to help finance measures

to liberalise trade and promote

a success story and Morocco may

just provide it," said a diplomat.

ernment is producing."

He said cuts in subsidies and

reorganisation of the tax base

reduced the budget deficit to 6.2.

Turkish unions predict further militancy

per cent of gross domestic pro-

They like the figures the gov-

"The World Bank badly needs

As a mark of favour, the bank

draw up its debtor list.

Some Arab countries such as

surplus of \$12 million in 1987.

world interest rates.

World Bank esteems Moroccan economy

first for 13 years, and after a have undeniably had some suc-

Bayane.

rium," he said.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

AMF sues ex-director in Canada

TORONTO (R) - The Arab Monetary Fund (AMF) has launched a suit in Canadian courts seeking \$80 million in damages from its former director general, now a Canadian citizen. Filed last month in the Supreme Court of Ontario, the suit alleges Jawad Mahmoud Hashim used the fund's money for his own benefit in foreignexchange and precious-metal trading. The civil suit also names his wife; Salwa Al Rufaice, and son, Jafar Jawad Hashim. In 1987 the Iraqi-born economist and politician was found guilty in absentia by an Abu Dhabi court of 47 counts of criminal breach of trust, forgery, use of forged documents and forgery of accounts. The Abu Dhabi court sentenced him to 240 years in prison and fined him \$1.91 million. He was also ordered to pay \$80.5 million to the AMF, the amount now being sought in Canadian courts. The fund promotes economic development and stability of exchange rates among its 21 member states. Hashim was director general of the fund from 1977 to 1982 and had full control of its financial affairs.

frag to hold arms fair in April

BAGHDAD (R) — Military hardware from around the world will go on display in Baghdad in April when Iraq stages the Gulf's first arms fair, Baghdad newspapers have said. They quoted Military Industries Minister Hussein Kamel Hassan as saying a total of 61 firms from 18 nations will take part in the five-day fair, which opens April 28. The minister said firms from Eastern and Western Europe, China and Latin America had already said they would

Sharjah reports higher exports

ABU DHABI (R) - A Sharjah trade executive said the August 20 ceasefire between Iran and Iraq boosted the Gulf emirate's exports by 37 per cent in 1988, the official emirates news agency WAM has reported. "The increase is due for several factors, mainly the end of the Iran-Iraq war and the improvement of local and world markets," WAM quoted Said Ahmad Al Jarwan, the director of Sharjah's Chamber of Commerce and Industry, as saying. Exports from Sharjah, one of the seven emirates' making up the United Arab Emirates, rose to 713 million dirhams (\$192 million) in 1988 from 519 million dirhams (\$140 million) in 1987, WAM reported.

Japan to build fast cargo ship

duct in 1987. It was on target for

five per cent in 1988 and 3.2 per

'But at what price'

But some analysts say Morocco

has moved near the top of the

World Bank class at too high a

sacrifice, increasing poverty and

straining social cohesion among

the country's 23 million people.

cess, notably increased exports.

But at what price?" asked Nadir

Ali of the left-wing daily Al

to the detriment of social equilib-

More criticism

Other critics say the govern-

They add that the government

"The government has become

ment's only policy is belt-tighten-

ing to pay debts that will never be

has neglected investment in pro-

jects which would have made the

economy less dependent on fac-

has left itself a very narrow mar-

gin of manoeuvre," said profes-

sor Habbab Al Malki, an eco-

Unions blame conservative rises

rime minister Turgut Ozal's

Motherland Party, whose five-year term ends in 1992, for their

Grievances include inflation.

now at an eight-year high of

nearly 90 per cent, a low mini-

mum monthly wage, complex strike rules and a ban on unions

engaging in political activity.
The Geneva-based Interna-

tional Labour Organisation has

been critical of curbs on unions in

Turkey, which applied in April

1987 for full membership of the

The government, fearing a

strike wave before municipal

elections set for March 26, agreed

to a basic 170 per cent wage rise over two years for 45,000 coal miners in November.

But all 10,200 workers at the

major state-run Seka paper firm

have been on strike since Sept. 6

to back demands for 270 per cent

European Community.

problems

tors outside its control.

"In the countryside it has been

The government's policies

cent in 1989.

TOKYO (R) — Japan will soon start development of a gas turbine-powered cargo ship it hopes will be able to reach speeds up to 100 kilometres per hour, a transport ministry spokesman has said. He said a working model of the ship, to be known as the Techno Super Liner, would be finished within five years and a full-scale vessel in about 10 years. Such a ship would take three days to travel from Tokyo to the west coast of the United States, compared to 10 days by current liners travelling at around 20 knots, and would be faster than truck transport to some destinations in

nomist at Rabat University.

He said inflation at under three

per cent and economic growth

last year of six per cent might

bring joy to international credi-

tors, but masked a fragile econo-

The economy rests on agricul-

ture, which employs 60 per cent

of the country's workers, tour-

ism, remittances from migrant

workers, and sales of phosphate,

Vulnerability

"The economy is very vulner-

able... (depending) on rain, on

phosphates, and so on. We must

also have policies which aim to

exploit the development potential

He suggested more investment

in labour-intensive industries and

more redistribution of income to

stimulate domestic demand and

help provide jobs for the 150,000

youngsters who enter the labour

Some economic analysts say

'Morocco has lifted the freeze

the government is starting to do

this, having put its own house in

agree the key issue is now how far

will they be prepared to open

Union sources said the average

salary of a Seka worker was

equivalent to 35 cents on hour,

compared with \$1.25 in 1980,

because of the Turkish lira's

The government in 1988 raised

the minimum monthly wage by 78

per cent to the equivalent of \$70 a

month and increased to 18 years

from 12 the total time union

Yilmaz, said calls for constitu-

tional amendments to labour laws

by Ozal and parliamentary

opposition parties produced no

have become the provisions of

the law over the years. Ozal wants to preserve such conditions

and every day they remain is a

gain for him," he told the weekly

Dateline, published by the mass-

circulation daily Hurriyet.

"The demands of employers

Onder Aker, a consultant to

steady decline in value.

leaders could serve.

real changes last year.

an analyst said.

market each year.

order.

щ,"

transfixed by reimbursement and on development, projects, but I

of the country," Malki said.

mic base.

ILO: Unemployment of women stays high

GENEVA (R) - Unemployment in many nations declined in 1987 but women often continued to fare worse than men in efforts to find work, the International Labour Organisation (ILO) said Tuesday.

A press release ahead of publication of the ILO year book of labour statistics said jobless rates fell in 31 of 48 countries surveyed by the Geneva-based U.N. agency.

Among industrial nations, unemployment - rates dropped from 6.9 per cent to 6.1 in the United States, from 11.7 to 10.6 in Britain, from 10 to nine per cent in Canada and from 12.3 to 11.9 per

cent in Belgium. Japan's rate remained stable at three per cent, as did Switzerland's at 0.8 per cent, the survey

A number of countries experienced an increase although the rises were generally slight. They included France where the rate went from 10.4 to 10.6 per cent, Ireland from 18.2 to 19 and Italy from 11.1 to 11.9.

The survey found that women's unemployment rates in 1987 were lower than in 1986 although still higher than for men. Exceptions included Ireland

(14 per cent for women and 19 per cent for men), Malta (three and five), Finland (four and six), Venezuela (seven and 10), Britain (eight and 12) and South Korea (two and four).

Japan and Sweden had the same three per cent rate for men and women, according to the ILO, which was set up to promote social justice and improve workers conditions worldwide:

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Tuesday, Jan. 24, 1989

490.0

Japanese yen (for 100)	383.8	385.7
Dutch guider	236.4	237.6
Swedish crown	78.1	78.5
Italian lira (for 100)	36.4	36.6
Belgian franc (for 10)	126.6	128.2 U.S. dollar 868.0 878.3 266.8 268.1 Pound Sterling Deutschemark

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for

leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday. One Sterling 1.7795/7805 U.S. dollar

One U.S. dollar

1.1855/65 1.8248/55 2.0595/0605 1.5450/57 38.20/24 6.2130/80 1338/1339 126.63/73 6.2300/50 6.6260/6310

7.0730/80

Swiss francs Beigian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

One ounce of gold 408,10/408.60

Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

SYDNEY — Strong overseas buying of resources stocks turned the mrket around after a weak start. The All Ordinaries index rose 1.5 to 1,524.7.

TOKYO — Lower oil prices and a stronger yen pushed prices to a record close, as fears eased of inflation and higher interest rates. The Nikkei index rose 224.8 to 31,557.68.

HONG KONG — Stocks closed higher after another day of widely fluctuating prices. The Hang Seng index ended up 3.5 at 2,901.03. SINGAPORE — Concern at news that Malaysian Prime Minister Mahathir Mohammad had a coronary by-pass operation sent prices down. The Straits Times industrial index closed 8.32 points

BOMBAY — The exchange was closed for trading to let brokers complete work on pending settlements.

FRANKFURT — Prices opened higher in lively trading but fell from early highs on profit-taking. An easier tone on Wall Street and the weaker dollar had little impact. At 1045 GMT the DAX index was up 9.52 at 1,327.73.

ZURICH — Shares closed steady to firmer as Swiss interest rates eased from recent highs. Turnover was still low. The all share Swiss index rose 2.1 to 964.7.

PARIS - Prices extended gains in quiet midday trading in the first session of the new account. LONDON - Shares moved to their day's highs as the dollar

firmed after Federal Reserve Board Chairman Alan Greenspan said inflation was too high and should be reduced. At 1440 GMT the FISE 100 index was up 13.5 at 1,938.2.

NEW YORK — Blue chips continued to gain in mid-morning along with the dollar, which was buoyed by Greenspan's remarks suggesting interest rates would stay firm. The Dow was up eight at ALL LOW WEST CHARLES

Recruit scandal widens TOKYO (AP) — The head of Japan's Economic Planning Agency resigned Tuesday, becoming the third cabinet member to step down in less than two months because of links to a stock-trading scandal or to the company involved.

Ken Harada had chaired a special parliamentary committee examining the scandal until he was appointed the country's chief economic planner in a cabinet reshuffle Dec. 27. He resigned from his cabinet

post Tuesday after news reports that he had received regular political donations from Recruit Co. Harada is the second member of the new cabinet appointed Dec. 27 to resign because of links

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Kiichi Miyazawa, also stepped down in early December in connection with the affair.

The nationally circulated newspaper Asahi Shimbun reported Tuesday that Harada had received 10,000 yen (\$80) a month from Recruit for 14 years. In addition, a Recruit subsidiary donated about 1 million yen (\$8.000) to a Harada fund-raising party last August, it said.

In the stock scandal, Recruit, an information conglomerate. made available hundreds of thousands of unlisted shares in a subsidiary, Recruit-Cosmos, to dozens of prominent people. They made large profits after the stocks were listed for public tradto the scandal. A member of the ing and rose quickly in value.

SEEKING JOB

Civil engineer with "MBA" looking for employment. 15 years experience in the U.S.A. in the fields of design and construction of roads and bridges. Licensed in several states "P.E." Willing to relocate.

Flease call between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. 895446,

OFFICE FOR SALE

Lufthansa German Airline would like to sell its office located at Jordan Intercontinental Hotel Compound Jabal Amman (area 45.8 square meters) if interested and for any further information please call telephone No. 601744.



Lufthansa

renewal early this year.

and energy, food, arms produc-

tion, sugar, road construction,

maritime and banking are seeking

ANKARA (R) — Turkey lost a record 2.85 million work days in wage rises of over 100 per cent to offset inflation.

strikes last year and labour offi-Official and union statistics cials predicted further militancy showed a record 2.85 million workdays were lost in 503 strikes in 1989 if the government does not improve pay and conditions. "We hope our workers will be last year, more than double the 1.30 million days and 220 strikes given their rights otherwise they in 1980 during political upheavals will be moved to go on strike. We that led to the coup in September

also hope the government will of that year. give us more freedom," Orhan The figures compared with 1.96 Balaban, a senior official of the million workdays lost in 1987, 234,940 the previous year and main Turk-Is Union Confederation, told Reuters. 1.40 million in 1977. Two-year collective bargaining "Last year will be remembered contracts covering 600,000 public

by workers as the most dreadful workers in unions wanting to cut yet from the viewpoint of labour shackles imposed by the army after the 1980 coup are due for rights in Turkey," Turk-Is head Sevket Yilmaz told reporters. Yilmaz, whose organisation Unions in sectors including oil

'embraces two-thirds of Turkey's three million unionised workers out of a total workforce of 18 million, said: "Resistance will begin (this year) if wage rises above the current rate of inflation are not secured in talks.'

WE HAVE THE ANSWERS Why were you born? The

purpose and meaning of

your life on earth. Free information is available in different languages: UNIVERSELLES LEBEN, Dept. E, P.O. Box 5643, D-8700 Wuerzburg, **West-Germany**

EMBASSY OF INDIA, AMMAN

REPUBLIC DAY

To mark the Republic Day of India, a flaghoisting ceremony will take place on Thursday. January 26, 1989, at 10.00 a.m. at the Embassy of India, First Circle, Jabai Amman. All Indian nationals are cordially invited to attend.

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SPORTS IN BRIEF

West Germany names team for Davis Cup

BONN (R) — West Germany will begin the defence of the Davis Cup against promoted Indonesia next month with the same four men who surprisingly snarched the team tennis title from Sweden in December. Coach Niki Pilic Monday named former Wimbledon champion Boris Becker, Patrick Knelmen, Eric Jelen and Carl-Uwe Steep in a full-strength side for the world group tie in Karlsruhe on February 3-5.

United sweeps past 10-man Rangers in F.A. Cup

LONDON (R) - Manchester United romped into the fourth round of the Feotball Association (F.A.) cup Monday by crushing a 10-man Queen's Park Rangers side 3-0. Rangers hopes of success in the third round second replay all but vanished when Alan McDonald was dismissed for elbowing United striker Mark Hughes in the face after 24 minutes. The Londoners briefly made his difficult for their hosts but were eventually swamped once Scoulsh striker Brian McClair put United ahead from the penalty spot after 54 minutes. McClair later secured United's clash with Oxford in Saturday's fourth round when he netted his 10th goal of the season with a 77th minute header. Sandwiched in between was a spectacular left-foot strike from England captain Bryan Robson.

iraqi soccer coach sacked

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq sacked national soccer coach Ammou Baba Monday after the side performed poorly in first round World Cop qualifying matches, Iraqi Football Association (IFA) sources said. They told Renters that Baba, who coached the Iraqi teams which qualified for the last two Olympics, was replaced by Jamai Saleh, coach for Iraqi league champions Al-Rasheed. Iraq. in West Asia group one, beat Jordan 1-0, drew 0-0 with Oman and lost 1-0 to Gatar in first round matches, gaining three points. Quar have five points.

inquiries launched into snooker betting

LONDON (R) - Two inquiries were launched on Tuesday into winning bets on a snooker match between former world champion Terry Griffiths of Wales and South African Silvino Francisco. The Betting Office Licensees' Association also told its members to withhold payment pending their probe into the circumstances surrounding betting on Griffiths' 5-1 victory Monday in the first round of a major tournament at Wembley. "We have received reports of an unusual pattern of betting on the match, so feel we must investigate," said spokesman Tom Kelly. Bookmakers Monday reported an unusually large number of wagers forecasting the correct frame score and suspended betting.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

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SLAM DA, GAME NYET!

Both vulnerable. West deals. NORTH ● Q 3 9 8 6 4 3

WEST EAST 4 3 19 8 6 5 4 A Q 9 4 3 2 V E J 4 3 V 9 7 5 2 V E J 4 3 V 9 7 5 2 4 10 7 2 4 E SOUTH. At the other table the contract V Q 18 6 was six diamonds, reached on the O A 0 9 8 7 63

A 5 The hidding:
West North East South Pass Pass 2 4 3 5 3 4 4 4 Pass 5 6 Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Jack of ... Here's an imparial hand from a

m match at the recent Fall North. American Championships, held in Nashville. At the table where North-South played in five diamonds, the contract was defeated. one trick. At the other table, a diamond slam was bid and made. East's two-spade opening was weak, showing a six-card suit and a hand not strong enough for an

opening bid. The rest of the auction was all completely natural, although rather aggressive. At both tables the opening lead

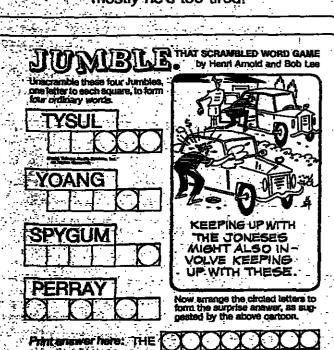
was the jack of spades, and East's ace dropped the king. Both defenders found the heart shift, won by the ace in dummy. The declarer who was only in game tried the diamond finesse. When that lost, West cashed a heart for down one.

was six diamonds, reached on the auction above. After winning the second trick on the table with the ace of hearts, declarer realized that he would have to find the king of clubs onside if he was going to land his slam. Therefore, East could not have the king of diamonds as wellwith ace-queen of spades and two kings, he would have opened one spade.

At trick three, therefore, declarer led a diamond to his ace. When that fetched the king, declarer got back to dummy by leading a middle trump to the jack for the club finesse. A club ruff established that suit, and the preciously preserved three of trumps, overtaken with the four, was the entry to run the board's winners.



"Stanley would never be unfaithful. He's too loyal, too honest, but mostly he's too tired!"



Yesterday's Jumbles Lingo. Bogus GOLFER DRAGON
Answer: What they said when they saw the Grand
Carryon—"GORGES"



Get on down; although top class skiers make flashing down the mountainside look effortless, the constant and strain vibration on their knees takes a slow but steady toll on their future health.

Derbyflex: Saving those knees for ripe old age

USTER. Switzerland (AP) - An medal winners at the 1988 Olyminvention that keeps skis stable at high speed and may reduce bodily wear and tear in Alpine skiing is gaining recognition by racers on the World Cup circuit.

Ambros Bettosini, a 55-yearold Swiss, is the brain behind. "Derbyflex," a device designed to absorb much of the vibrations punishing the knees and lower

back while skiing. Bettosini, a ski instructor turned businessman, said health considerations were the original motive behind his invention.

"I first had the idea for the Derbyflex to benefit not the racers, but the average skier," he said in an interview in this eastern Swiss town. "They have little or no physical training but they ski two to three weeks a year and here we have problems."

The device absorbs 70 per cent of the ski's vibrations, Bettosini

Derbyflex features layers of polyurethane, a hard plastic, and a rubber-like compound. On top is a strip of aluminium, with which the sandwich of materials is screwed onto the ski, under the binding.

The device is about 1.25 cm. high and 61 cm. long. It weighs they can use long after they have 450 grams and retails at \$97. stopped winning world cup Bettosini claims six of the 38 races." he added.

pics in Calgary used Derbyflex. The invention gained favour mainly for high-speed super-giant slalom races after World Cup ace Marc Girardelli of Luxembourg began using it on the circuit three seasons ago. He also used it in winning giant slalom silver at the 1987 world championships in Crans-Montana, Switzerland.

Bettosini charged that many ski manufacturers engage in "negative propaganda" because Derbyflex competes with their own development of vibration absor-

But a spokesman for the French maker Rossignol, Jean-Jacques Bouprad, said the company has an open mind. "We remain an attentive obser-

ver." he said. "(But) we cannot accept a new idea on the momentary impression of a skier." Acceptance of the device among skiers is "not unani-

mous," he added. Bettosini said there were two important points about his invention. "The first is medical, which is for me the most important and the second is technical.'

"It gives people something that they can use long after they have

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1989

YOUR HOROSCOPE

---- As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: It is more personal time for rest and time to make changes. Prepare to eliminate superficial feelings and focus on the deeper meaning of life and relationships. Firm up the good, generous and friendly. Omit that which lacks virtue.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Financial adjustments are hard but necessary. Double-check and be certain that deals are on the up and up. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Know your opposition's viewpoint before you formulate your approach. Use diplomacy. Establish schoolules

schedules. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Use GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Use your humor to advantage. A smile will bring results, brighten the day, and bring you a touch of romance.

MCON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Ambition can get out of hand. You may be forced to eliminate some activities. Use the

evening for relaxation.
LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Trust
your own instincts. A cool, calm ap-

proach to life will bring gains. Ex-press your views with clarity so that everyone understands. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Curb a tendency to argue even though you know you are right. Develop

relaxation. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Changing your mind can get to be a bad habit. Others may misinterpret your intentions. Contact close

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Take care of your health by slow-ing down to a reasonable pace. Romantic desires can be fulfilled at

a gradual pace. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Your insight is keen, but steer away from subjects that you know can cause friction. Get along by go-CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)

Your competence is noticed by superiors even though rewards, both verbal and financial, are not apparent. Keep up the effort. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)
Lines of communication map not be
clear. Use care in what you say.
Verbal fighting for peace and quiet
will never solve the problem.
PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)
Recognize your talents, and put

them to work. You build for the future when you stay clear of self

Australian Open

McEnroe up, Navratilova out

tournament for so long he hardly knows what to expect.

But the one-time terror of the world's line-judges is looking increasingly content in Melbourne

His flashes of brilliance are becoming more regular and players like Ivan Lendl, who meets the American in the last eight of the Australian Open on Wednesday, are once again looking over their shoulder.

It is not hard to see why. The manner in which McEnroe dealt with fellow-American Aaron Krickstein Tuesday to book hisplace in the quarter-finals demanded attention.

Krickstein came into the match brimful of confidence after eight straight victories and promptly broke McEnroe's serve in the first game.

Irritated by some persistent flies, the three-time Wimbledon champion went 4-2 down and the crowd sat back and waited for an old-style McEnroe explosion of temper.

It never came. McEnroe reached for the fly spray and won 12 successive points to lead 5-4. Having wasted one set point he then found himself 4-3 down in the tiebreak.

He recovered once again to win it 7-4, wrapped up the match in just over two hours and demonstrated in the process that the

cobwebs of big tournament inactivity are disappearing daily.

This will be McEnroe's first quarter-final appearance in a Grand Slam event since the U.S.

Open in 1987 and he gives every sign that he is relishing his return. He gave his first doubles press conference for eight years after partnering Australian Mark Woodforde into the semifinals and has attracted by far the biggest crowds of the tournament to his matches.

The 29-year-old's form in the past week has convinced the fans, and most importantly himself, that another big tournament win may not be a million miles away. "I'm getting close and closer to

where I want to be," admitted McEnroe, reflecting on the prospect of another showdown with Lendl in what should be a classic quarter-final. 📑

I know I'm playing well and it would be nice to be able to pull off a big win. "All I could ask for coming

into the tournament was the chance to get to the quarter-finals and to play Lendi, to give me an idea where I stand.

"Now that I'm here, though, I'm more interested in winning the tournament. The job wouldn't be over if I beat Lendl and then didn't go on." For a man whose enthusiasm

for the game had dwindled almost irredeemably a couple of years ago, such sentiments are proof of a renewed appetite.

Equally impressive, though, has been his on-court demeanour for most of the tournament. Apart from a tetchy encounter

MELBOURNE (R) - John with Brod Dyke in the second McEnroe has been missing from round when he was fined \$500 the final stages of a Grand Slam for verbal abuse, there has been for verbal abuse, there has been little more than the occasionally

furrowed brow. Leopards don't change their spots overnight, of course, and McEnroe freely admits that all the old emotions are still bubbling away underneath. The difference is that he has learnt how to

redirect them. "In this weather and in a bestof-five match it's stupid to waste energy that way," he said.

"There are times when you need to let it out but it's not a positive thing in this weather. It's just too hot."

If the sun keeps shining, and the forecast says it will, there will be added pressure on McEnroe not to blow a fuse.

Playing the impassive Lendl will

be the ultimate test of how fare he has come.

Match point double fault

Martina Navratilova crashed out of the Australian Open quarter-finals Tuesday, serving a double fault on match point to hand Helena Sukova a thrilling 6-2, 3-6, 9-7 victory.

In the last singles match of the day Sukova achieved only her fourth success against the

Czechoslovak-born American who had never before failed to reach the last four here.

Navratilova served twice for the match but Sukova's crosscourt backhand proved the decisive weapon on centre court, continually leaving the number two

seed flat-footed. At 5-5 in the third set Sukova, the number five seed who has one of the most powerful serves in women's tennis, served two aces and three double faults but hung

on to win the game. She then wasted four break points at 6-7 before surviving and breaking Navratilova's serve for the fifth time in the match which lasted over two hours.

Sukova, who helped Czechoslovakia win the Federation Cup here last month, held serve before gaining her first match point at 8-7, 40-30.

As the centre court held its breath Navratilova hit her first serve long. Incredibly she netted her second in a repeat of the mistake on match point which gave Steffi Graf her tirst Grand Slam title at the 1987 French

"I was a little bit pervous towards the end. I was trying very, very hard not to think about the socre," Sukova said later.
"It's a very good win for me

especially as it was so close at the end. The first time I beat her was here in Melbourne. Maybe I should come here more often. Navratilova was resigned, "I've

played better but I wouldn't say I was outplayed. I lost too many games when I was up."
Sukova, who has lost 21 matches to Navratilova, beat the world

number two in their last meeting at the end-of-season women's circuit championship last year. In the 1984 Australian Open semifinals she ended Navratilo-

va's record winning streak of 74 matches and a bid to win her seventh consecutive Grand Slam Sukova now plays unseeded

New Zealander Belinda Cordwell who reached her first Grand Slam semifinal by beating Sweden's Catarina Lindqvist 6-2, 2-6, 6-1. The other semifinal stars world

number one Graf and Gabriela Sabatini of Argentina. Graf beat fellow West German Claudia Kohde-Kilsch 6-2, 6-3 while Sabatini struggled through against American Zina Garrison 6-4, 2-6, 6-4.

Sweden's fourth seed Stefan Edberg overcame a ricked back in his match against Australian Pat Cash to book a quarter-final appointment with Austria's Thomas Muster Wednesday.

Orphaned genius blooms

BIRMINGHAM (AP) — She looks so fragile you'd think a feather could blow her over, so young that some of her peers seem of another generation. But when France's Surya

Bonaly takes to the ice, she performs jumps that the great Katarina Witt never even attempted. At last week's European figure

skating championships, Bonaly, the youngest competitor in the event at 15 years, two months, wowed the fans with a free skating programme that could have marked her down as a star of the future.

Sent on to the ice with a burst of "Allez, Su" from her teammates. Bonaly surprised experts by starting her routine with a quick combination of triple jumps, a feat rarely seen in women's or men's skating.

Four minutes later, she performed her seventh and last triple, and so impressed the judges that she moved up from 13th place after the figures and original programme to finish eighth

"I can't believe this, it's absolutely fantastic," said her choreographer, Annick Dumont. "She didn't land too cleanly but she's still a baby. This was her first major championship and she can only get better."

Of all the competitors in the championships, few could have a more unusual background than

Born on the French-speaking Indian ocean island of La Reunion in December, 1973, Bonaly was rejected as a baby.

Eight months later, thousands of miles away in an orphanage in Nice on the French Riviera, she was adopted by white Foster parents who had applied for a nonwhite child.

"I don't know how I got there and I don't know who my original parents were," Bonaly said. "I feel as French as anyone else."

Three years ago, French coach Didier Gailhaguet spotted Bonaly skating in a Nice rink. He was overwhelmed by her tenacity and enthusiasm, and persuaded her parents to move to Paris so Surya could have advanced lessons.

Bonaly, whose long back hair is neatly pleated and hasn't been cut since birth, stands just five feet tall and weighs 42 kilogrammes, a fact she attributes to her strict vegetarian diet.

"It keeps my weight down, and it keeps me fit and healthy," she said.

A former world novice champion in tumbling, an off-shoot of gymnastics, Bonaly's size and jumping ability resemble Japan's Midori Ito. She has already tackled the

sport's most difficult jumps, bar the triple axel, and even performed a back-flip on the ice at the exhibition gala which followed the European championships. Although she still lacks power

and speed, Gailhaguet and Dumont are sure they have a star in the making.

All Bonaly's training, they say, is being directed towards the 1992 Winter Olympic Games in Albertville, France.

Dazed sparring partner quits Bruno

FOUNTAIN HILLS (R) -Heavyweight challenger Frank Bruno scored a knockout of sorts over the weekend when a sparring partner quit camp because be could not take Bruno's punches, the Briton's manager said

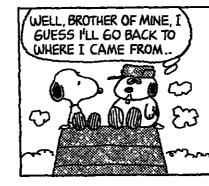
Bruno, in training for a Feb. 25 title fight in Las Vegas against champion Mike Tyson -- undefeated in 35 fights - proved to be too strong for sparring partner and former light heavyweight champion Dwight Muhammad Qawi, who quit Bruno's camp over the weekend.

"Frank was just too strong for him," Bruno's manager, Terry Lawless said. "Dwight said he was hurting every time he got hit. You really can't blame him."

Qawi's defection leaves Bruno with three sparring partners. Monday he sp Daired two rounds with each, bloodying heavyweight Terry Armstrong's nose in the first round. In addition to Armstrong, Bruno is sparring with heavyweight James Pritchard and light heavyweight Bert Cooper.

After not fighting for more than a year, Bruno appears to be shedding the ring rust that has accumulated during the layoff.
On Monday his jab began to find its mark, snapping his sparring partner's head back with regularity.

Peanuts





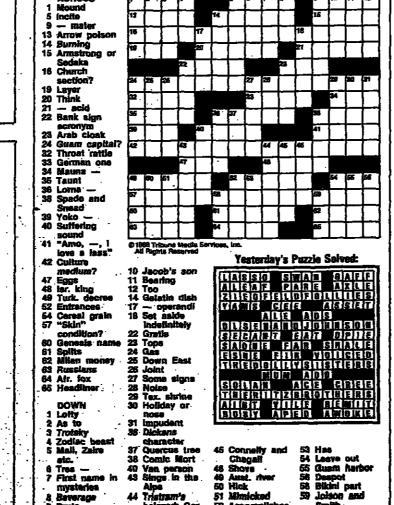


Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp





THE Daily Crossword by James V. Schick

Salvador rebels ask postponement of poll, will back new vote

defeat for the left in March.

leaders in Mexico City Friday. It

was to be made public Tuesday.

its supporters in peasant, worker

and student organisations to back

Convergence, a coalition of leftist

ties to the guerrillas.

The FMLN said it was urging

SAN SALVADOR (R) - In a major shift, El Salvador's leftist rebels have offered to support elections if they are delayed for six months and held under a revised electoral code that guarantees they will be free and fair.

The Farabundo Marti National buy time in the face of a probable Front (FMLN) said it was seeking postponement of March 19 presidential elections. It suggested Sept. 15, Salvadorean independence day, as an alternate date. according to a copy of the rebel proposal obtained by Reuters Monday.

The rebels, who have condemned as shams five previous presidential or legislative elections since the war broke out, said they made the proposal in a bid to end a nine-year civil war which has

cost some 70,000 lives. They offered to declare a fiveday truce for the vote if the army undertook to stay in its barracks.

Initial reaction to the proposal was mixed, with some diplomats saying it was a step forward and some rightist politicians accusing the FMLN of merely trying to to peace," the proposal said.

stay in the barracks on election day, it said. Salvadoreans living abroad — tens of thousands, many of them sympathetic to the left — should be allowed to vote. It also called for a new elector-

al code, with input from the Democratic Convergence. It The proposal was given to govvoiced support for the Converg-ence presidential candidate Guilernment officials Monday by Salvadorean Archsbishop Arturo Rivera Y Damas, who met rebel lermo Ungo.

To ensure free and fair voting,

the military should stop all rep-

ression of opposition groups and

In November 1987 Ungo returned from exile where he had led the Revolutionary Democratic Front (FDR), an umbrella of the FMLN's political and di-

the candidates of the Democratic nlomatic allies. The FMLN pledged to respect political parties, which also has other parties' campaigns, halt its often violent campaign to force Saying the March vote would rightist mayors to resign, and be held under "illegitimate" condeclare a five-day truce for the ditions, the rebels put forth new new election. It said it would ones. "An electoral process accept the result as legitimate.

under the conditions we propose The FMLN has opposed elecwould make possible a permations in the past few years as nent political solution to the conshams designed to legitimise the flict, making a huge contribution U.S.-directed counter-insurgency

Opposition paralyses Dhaka

DHAKA, Bangladesh (AP) — Traffic stopped and stores closed Tuesday as opposition parties called a nationwide strike in their effort to force President Hussain Muhammad Ershad to resign.

At least 15 persons were injured overnight in Dhaka and Chittagong in random violence, police said.

Speaking on condition of anonymity, police sources said five people were wounded when a small bomb exploded in an abandoned house in Chittagong, a port city 240 kilometres southeast of Dhaka.

Seven other people were injured in street attacks in Dhaka,

they said. Security forces riding in openbed trucks patrolled Dhaka, a city of six million people.

There were no other reports of violence, but the city was tense -

capital around Dhaka University, a perennial hotbed of agitation. Students occasionally threw stones at police vans, but the

police did not respond. Stones were hurled near the campus at a few bicycle-powered rickshaws that ignored the strike call. About a half-dozen people suffered minor injuries, witnesses

Thousands of people walked to work in the unusually chilly weather of 10 degrees celsius. Tuesday's strike against Ershad, a former army general who seized power in 1982, was called by the Muslim fundamentalist party, Jamaat-e-Islami, and by Khaleda Zia, head of the Bangladesh Nationalist Party.

Mrs. Zia, whose husband, president Ziaur Rahman, was assassinated in 1981, has been at the forefront of the anti-Ershad especially in the centre of the campaign launched in November in a fraud-tinged election in 1986.

Ershad's government has been largely unharmed by the nearly 15 months of periodic strikes and opposition rallies.

Another opposition leader, Sheikh Hasina, joined Mrs. Zia in the strikes for nearly a year but in recent months has confined her anti-Ershad activities to rhetoric and rallies.

Hasina's Awami League plan-ned to conduct rallies later Tuesday in Dhaka and Chittagong. She is the daughter of another assassinated president, Sheikh Muiibur Rahman, who was gunned down with most of his family in a 1975 coup.

The opposition parties want Ershad to step aside and permit a caretaker government to conduct

new elections. Ershad resigned his army commission and was elected president

'Aquino to ban Marcos return

ment has decided secretly to bar opposition senator claims.

Senator Juan Ponce Enrile told reporters Monday that President Corazon Aquino and her advisers reached the decision during a recent meeting of the Cabinet Crisis Committee. He said his source was a cabinet member who he refused to identify.

"The Cabinet Crisis Committee rendered a judgment that Marcos should not be allowed to return to the Philippines and, even if he should die, that his cadaver should not be allowed to enter the Philippines," Enrile

the cabinet had discussed what the return of Ferdinand Marcos' action to take in the event Mar-finitely, pending their leader's body if the ailing former presi- cos, 71, dies abroad. Asked return, e government agreed to bar the return of Marcos' body, Benigno replied: "I

> "National interest is the primary criterion for making decisions," Benigno told the AP. Marcos has lived in Hawaii since a popular uprising toppled his authoritarian administration in February 1986.

will not be dragged into that."

Aquino has repeatedly refused to allow Marcos to return, citing national security as the main reason. Marcos' was refused permission to come home for the funeral of his mother, Josefa, who died last May 4.

MANILA (AP) - The govern- Teodoro Benigno confirmed that and Marcos supporters say the funeral has been delayed inde-

> defence minister for 15 years before helping engineer his downfall in 1986, said the decision to bar Marcos' body was made before the former president entered a Honolulu hospital Jan. 15 for a third time in little over a month. He suffered a collapsed left

hung last Thursday and was reported later to be in guarded but stable condition. At one point last week, his lawyers said Mar-

cos was dying.

A U.S. federal grand jury indicted Marcos, his wife, Imelda, and eight other associates Oct. 21, 1988, on racketeering

Mitterrand calm as scandal rocks France

PARIS (R) - President Francois Mitterrand, facing the worst political scandal since French agents sunk the Green-peace ship Rainbow Warrior, has dealed all knowledge of a report linking a close friend with an insider trading scandal.

Mitterrand went to a Paris theatre Thursday evening as France's television news began their bulletins with the alleged involvement in the scandal of his friend of nearly 50 years, Roger-Patrice Pelat.

The 72-year-old Socialist president denied he had received a report telling him that Pelat had bought 50,000 shares in U.S. company triangle industries shortly before it was acquired by state-owned French firm Pechiney in

"Like you, I find things out

by reading the newspapers," Mitterrand told reporters, adding he was remaining calm about the insider share dealing affair, dubbed "Pechingate" by the French media in a reference to the American Watergate scandal.

The row has already claimed Finance Minister Pierre Beregovoy's chief of staff, Alain Boublil. He resigned last Friday, saying he wanted to clear his name over charges that be may have leaked news of the

Political scandals in France are relatively commonplace but political analysts said "Pechingate" was the most serions since France ordered the 1985 sinking in New Zealand of the flagship of the environmen-

tal group Greenpeace. "So here we go again. France is one more time embroiled in "affaires", wrote Andre Fontaine, publisher of the respected daily Le Monde, in a froat page article Monday. Le Monde, traditionally close

to the government, caused political uproar Saturday with an article alleging Pelat or his son, who has the same first name, had netted about \$1.8 million from the triangle share deal. In 1985, the Greenpeace

scandal seriously damaged the socialist government's credibility abroad and Defence Minister Charles Hernu resigned in the wake of revelations that the French secret services bombed the ship, killing one man.

Opposition conservatives, fearing their own political skeletons may be dragged out of cupboards, have been slow to attack Mitterrand less than two

But Alain Juppe, head of the neo-Ganilist RPR Party, told French radio: 'I wonder if the Socialists are beginning to show that France has the most cor-rupt left in the world," he said, adding it was ironic that Mit-terrand had always declared an aversion to money.

"I can state quite frankly that he is surrounded by friends who have a real affection for money. That's a prob-lem for France's political life, but also for the image of France abroad," he said.

Pelat, who often accompanied Mitterrand on incognito strolls through the streets of Paris declined to discuss his alleged involvement in the scandal with journalists camped outside his Paris home Monday

about 100 - who had remained

on the base instead of leaving it

The soldiers immediately be-

gan shooting, and when Buenos

Aires provincial police sur-

rounded the base, the comman-

dos were trapped. Many of the

soldiers on the base ran to safety

after the counterattack began in

The commandos did not iden-

But a woman who called the

independent news agency Diarios

Y Noticias said she was part of

the commando group and

"It was to defend democracy

claimed that it had acted to pre-

and now they're massacaring us,

said the woman, who would not

identify herself. "Please, do

Military officials and govern-

vent a military coup.

something.'

tify themselves or state their mo-

for the weekend.

earnest.

All you need is capitalism

view.

'Godot' cast

may reunite

NEW YORK (AP) - Comedian

Robin Williams says he never worked so hard, for so little, so

few and so much fun as when he

starred in "Waiting for Godot."

And he's certain he'll do it again.

The Samuel Beckett play was

sold out in last year's short run at

a small Lincoln Centre Theatre.

and there have been reports that

the cast - Williams, Steve Mar-

tin, Bill Irwin and F. Murray

Abraham - would reunite to

capture "Godot" on film or

videotape. "All the planets have

to be in convergence and all of

the agents have to be on the

phone on the same date," Wil-

liams quipped in a recent inter-

LONDON (R) — Four days before becoming the first Western rock star to take part in a live phone in to the Soviet Union, Paul McCartney renounced his youthful pro-communist views and said he was all for capitalism. The former Beatle, in an interview Sunday with Britain's domestic news agency, delivered a message of peace and spoke of his hopes for the success of Mikhail Gorbachev's glasnost policy of increased openness. When Gorbachev started his glasnost, a lot of us over here thought "great, anything I can do to show him from this side of the fence that we like what he's doing and the moves he's making would be good," he told the Press Association. McCartney, 46, Thursday becomes the first Western rock star to take part in a live radio phone-in to the Soviet Union, It will be transmitted by the British

Brown gets 6-year sentence

Broadcasting Corporation

AUGUSTA, Georgia (R) - Singer James Brown, the "godfather of soul." was sentenced Monday to six years in jail after pleading guilty to charges stemmine from a high-speed car chase in parts of two states. The new sentence is to run concurrently with a six-year term he is already serving in South Carolina for the e incident. Brown, whose les al problems resulted from a chase across the Georgia-South Carolina border last year, was also fined \$1,000 by Judge Gayle Hamrick. Brown, 55, one of the top-selling singers in popular music, has been serving time at a South Carolina prison since he was sentenced in December for trying to run down two police officers during the chase.

Venezuelan owns original Rafael

CARACAS, Venezuela (AP) An original self-portrait by Italian renaissance painter Rafael, valued at about \$100 million, may be owned by a Venezuelan while a near-perfect copy hangs in the Uffizi gallery in Florence, an Italian art expert said. The president of the Museum of Art in Urbino, Italy, Nicolo Nicosia, reaffirmed his conviction that the portrait of Rafael owned by Venezuelan artcollector and horse-race announcer Eloy Perez Alfonso is the original and that the painting in the Uffizi gallery is a copy. "I am 100 per cent positive that it is authentic. The painting in the Uffizi is a copy of this one," Nicosia told a press conference Thursday. His remarks were published in Caracas-based newspapers Friday. Nicosia said that the painting hanging in the Uffizi may be one of two copies made of the original that may have been painted by an assistant of Rafael, Julio Romano. Nicosia caused a commotion in Italy late last year when he first announced his finding after having seen the painting two years ago.

Test-tube quins. quads born same day

SYDNEY (R) — Test-tube quintuplets and test-tube quadruplets were born on the same day at the same hospital in western Austra-lia. The quintuplets — four girls and one boy — were delivered by caesarean section at about 9:20 p.m. at the King Edward Memorial Hospital for women in Perth. The quintuplets, conceived by in-vitro fertilisation (IVF), arethe first such births in Australia. IVF quadruplets — three boys and a girl — were born at 9:45 a.m. at the same hospital: "We're now reducing the number of embryos we transfer, knowing that there is a consistently high pregnancy rate with these procedures and techniques," said John Yovich, medical director of Perth's Pivet Medical Centre, where the IVF procedure was carried out.

Argentine rebels surrender

attack were being held hostage.

Shooting between soldiers and

commandos on the base erupted

three times Tuesday morning, at

4:40 a.m. (0640 GMT), one hour

later, and again at 8:30 a.m.

(1030 GMT) - about one-half

hour before the 14 surrendered.

man were killed after the com-

mandos assaulted the base at 6

a.m. (0800 GMT) Monday, and

43 were shot-and wounded, as

were four civilians, officials said

Carlos Becerra, secretary

general to President Raul Alfon-

sin, said Monday evening that at

least 20 commandos were killed.

when an estimated 30 to 50 com-

mandos used a stolen delivery

truck to crash through the main

gate of the 3rd infantry regiment

The revolt began early Monday

Tuesday morning.

Four soldiers and one police-

BUENOS AIRES (AP) - Fourteen civilian commandos who held off hundreds of soldiers and police all night surrendered Tuesday morning, a day after gunbattles raged at a military base, an official report said.

The 13 men and one woman walked out of a building that had been virtually destroyed by tank and mortar fire the day before at a base on the outskirts of the capital, the government news agency Telam reported.

Most of the commandos were shirtless, and one waved a white shirt indicating to soldiers they should not fire.

The woman was wounded and carried by two comrades.

The commandos were immediately taken into custody, and soldiers entered the officers' club, which the commandos had used as their base of operations during the military assault, Telam reported.

It was unclear if other commandos remained inside, or were nearby. Nor was it immediately known whether missing soldiers known to have been on the base at the time of the commando Gandhi bounces back after

NEW DELHI (R) — Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi, whose

Congress (I) Party was humili-

ated in a state assembly election

in southern India Monday,

bounced back Tuesday with con-

vincing wins in two northeastern

In Nagaland, on the Burmese

border, Congress had won 31 of

the 52 seats declared with seven

more results to come. In nearby

Mizoram, the nationally ruling

party had captured 22 of the 39

seats declared with only one more

Santosh Mohan Dev, Congress

"(Gandhi's) liberal, wester-

nised image was an important

factor. He has proved to be an

important vote-catcher here if no-

meal of steak and eggs and spent

his final hours praying with a Methodist minister in the "death

watch" cell only 10 metres from

Florida's three-legged electric

strapped into the chair nicknamed

A neon sign on top of a truck

near the prison said "Bundy, fry

in hell." A few hundred metres

down the road, a vendor was

chair, prison officials said.

family members.

"old sparky."

campaign manager in both states,

portrayed the victories as a per-

sonal triumph for Gandhi.

where else," he said.

STARKE, Florida (R) — Serial half-dozen books, refused his last

result to come.

in La Tablada. A soldier crushed by the truck was the first casualty. The commandos' apparent ment spokesmen, including oal, according to a high military Alfonsin's press secretary, Jose goal, according to a high military official, was to steal weapons from the regiment's armory and

Ignacio Lopez, said the commandos were leftist guerrillas and not flee. But they underestimated the soldiers or members of a rightnumber of officers and men — wing group.

humiliating defeat in south dominated Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK) 148 seats,

another local group, the AIADMK, 27 and Congress 26. The defeat, far greater than even Gandhi's most candid critics had foreseen, almost certainly mean India's general elections. which must be held by December, will be put off until the last moment.

It also restores the entire south of India to opposition control and might confront Gandhi with a leadership of India's 50 million Tamils opposed to his policy to-wards the Tamil problem in neighbouring Sri Lanka.

By contrast, the victories in Nagaland and Mizoram have little face value.

Both states have small populations and both are far from the Hindu heartland of north and central India that Gandhi and Congress must retain to win the general election.



identity card BRUSSELS (R) — Kidnappers of former Prime Minister Paul van den Boeynants sent a Belgian

newspaper his identity card Tuesday with a note saying he would be freed once their ransom demand was met. A journalist at Le Soir newspaper said the posted letter also

contained a note apparently written by van den Boeynants saying he would make a statement after his release. The typed note from the kidnappers said: "He will confess, we have recorded his confession.

He will reappear free before the onle once our dema The note was signed by the Socialist Revolutionary Brigade (BSR), a previously unknown group that claimed the kidnap of van den Boeynants within a day

The note apparently written by van den Boeynants said he had undertaken to give a significant cash sum to organisations helping the poor within six weeks of his

of his disappearance 10 days ago.

The letter to Le Soir followed an appeal by the state prosecutor to the kidnappers Sunday for proof that they were holding van den Boeynants and that he was still alive.

killer Theodore Bundy, Amer-

ica's most notorious death row

inmate, died in Florida's electric

chair Tuesday after confessing to

the murders of nearly two dozen

After nearly 10 years of impris-

onment, Bundy, 42, was put to

death at around noon GMT at

Florida state prison for the 1978

Bundy, a handsome law-school

dropout believed to have

charmed his way into the confi-

dence of his victims before killing

them, was executed only hours

after the U.S. Supreme Court

denied a last-minute request for a

Bundy, whose murder acts in-

murder of a 12-year-old girl.

young women, witnesses said.



Rajiv Gandhi small border states - both militarily sensitive but politically insignificant — could not compensate for Monday's debacle in Tamil Nadu, where Congress trailed behind two regional par-

Despite an enthusiastic person-However welcome for Gandhi al campaign by Gandhi, final

and Congress, victories in the two results there gave the Tamil-

five Western states and detailing

his long-suspected murder ram-

Serial killer dies in Florida chair "burn Bundy burn" T-shirts. After nearly a decade of silence, Bundy spent his final days meeting with investigators from

> page there in the 1970s. He spoke by phone with his Bundy, who was convicted of mother in Tacoma, Washington three murders in Florida, confesstate, but received no visits from sed over the past weekend to killing at least 22 young women. Around 150 pro-death penalty He had long been the prime demonstrators were on hand outsuspect in nearly three dozen side the prison walls as Bundy unsolved murders and disappearwas led to the death chamber and

> > Prison officials said Bundy, normally cool and confident, showed tearful remorse for the first time as he confessed to the killings. California religious broadcas-

ter James Dobson, who was given a one-on-one interview with Bundy on the eve of his execution, said the condemned murderer told him his murder spree was inspired by an addiction to hardcore pornography as an adoles-

"He did say that was the fuel for the fantasies that led him to do these horrible things, and his concern is that other people out there are falling victim to the same things and that innocent women and children are going to be affected by it," Dobson told reporters after a one-hour session with Bundy.

Bundy's mood was tense and subdued as he waited in his cell under 24-hour guard.

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

'Karate expert killed Solidarity priest'

spired a television film and a doing a brisk business selling

WARSAW (R) — A pro-opposition Polish priest found murdered Saturday had his back broken and appeared to have been killed by a karate chop from a man skilled in combat techniques, a church official said Tuesday. Zdzisław Krol, an official of the Warsaw Archdiocese, said an autopsy showed that Father Stefan Niedzelak, 74. a nationalist and supporter of several opposition groups including the banned Solidarity trade union, died of a single blow that broke his spine. He was also badly beaten and bruised and had a broken nose and several nails torn from the fingers of his left hand. "The lawyer Jan Olszewski who attended the autopsy said the broken spine looked as if it had been caused by a single karate chop by a strong individual versed in combat techniques who knew where to place the fatal blow," Krol said. Niedzelak's killing, just as Solidarity and the communist government are moving rapidly towards talks on national reconciliation, caused concern among the opposition.

New ways AIDS can be spread

NEW YORK (R) — The AIDS virus may be spread through acupuncture or oral sex, methods which had not been previously recognised, according to two letters in this week's New England Journal of Medicine. While the writers acknowledged that the

individual cases they reported were extremely rare, they said health professionals and the general public should be made aware of the possibility of AIDS transmission through such means. Doctors from two hospitals in France wrote to the journal about a 17-year-old boy who tested positive for the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) after undergoing acupuncture for tendonitis he developed playing rugby. The patient had never had sexual intercourse. He did not have hemophilia and had never had a (blood) transfusion," they wrote, mentioning the most common ways AIDS can be spread. "He was not an intravenous drug user, had no tattoo and had not been in jail."

cent.

Man tries to burn Vatican painting

VATICAN CITY (AP) - A man in a wheelchair attempted to set fire to a 16th century painting by the master Raphael in the Vatican museum Tuesday, Vatican officials said. Museum guards held the man, quickly put out a match he was holding, preventing any damage to the masterpiece, Vatican spokesman Joaquin Navarro said. The most serious vandalism against a Vatican work of art occurred in 1972 when Hungarian-born Laszlo Toth battered Michelangelo's famed Pieta with a hammer inside Saint Peter's Basilica. Toth, who screamed "I am Jesus Christ" as he attacked the statue, broke off the Madonna's left arm and veil and dented the left side of the face.

Presidential spokesman Her body remains unburied, charges. Hong Kong's flag, future still undecided as deadline nears

By David Schlesinger

Reuter HONG KONG - On June 30, 1997, Britain's Union Jack will come down from Hong Kong's government house for the last time. What will go up in its place is as much a mystery as the British colony's future.

The committee writing the

constitution under which Hong Kong will be run after China takes back control finished its latest meeting by rejecting all the proposed flag and emblem designs.
"That's the best thing we most successful

part of the meeting because Hong Kong members got their ideas across," said Martin Lee, an outspoken proponent of democracy for Hong Kong who is a member of the committee. China appointed all 55 mem-

bers, including the 22 representatives from Hong Kong. The Hong Kong members particularly disliked the design that got the most votes. The top two-thirds was China's flag of yellow stars on a red background. The rest was a white stripe for the Shenzhen River that separates Hong Kong from south China and a green stripe representing the terri-

The committee decided to send a blank page instead of a flag design to Peking, where the second draft of the law will go before the standing committee of the National People's

Many people in Hong Kong wish there were a few more blank pages in the document.

The committee writing the Basic Law, the formal name for the constitution, has been meeting for three years debating issues both weighty and

At its last meeting, which ended recently, it put in a clause saying Chinese medicine should be promoted in Hong Kong after 1997.

More important to most residents, it decided that the earliest Hong Kong could have full democratic elections would be after 2012, and then only if the territory's legislature, chief executive, China's National People's Congress and 30 per cent of eligible voters in Hong

Kong all agreed. "I think democracy is dead in Hong Kong," Lee said in an interview.

Democracy has never really been alive in the colony. Hong Kong has been ruled by a governor appointed by Britain who has absolute power under letters patent issued by Queen Victoria in the 19th

Until recently he named all members of the legislature. Now there are some members elected by various professional groups, like doctors and

China raised hopes by saying

that Hong Kong would be ruled by Hong Kong people after the takeover. "Everybody now realises China is going to write anything it wants into the Basic Law. There is an emerging consensus that China will have

its way," said Jonathan Slone,

Asia research director for

Brokerage CL-Alexanders Laing and Cruicksbank.

For many residents, the constant television pictures over the past three years of the drafters trooping in and out of conference rooms without much result has caused bore-

dom and helplessness. Even after the drafting committee used a slick television advertising campaign to stimulate comments on the first draft, only 7,900 of Hong Kong's 5.5 million residents responded.

Frank Ching, a political commentator, said: "It's not a lack of political consciousness. It's the reality that people just don't have a say. If you don't give people a choice you can't get them involved."

Hong Kong residents will have one last formal chance to comment on the constitution before China passes the final version in March 1990. But many are already making their comment, quietly, by leaving the colony. The gov-ernment estimates 45,000 left

anaiysts say the figure is much "Emigrating is a much more effective protest than any public demonstration," Slone said. "Hong Kong people will just pack up and go - those who can," said Lee. He said he

would continue to work on the

drafting committee, however.

Hong Kong to live in other

countries in 1988. Many

"The most important thing is to give people some hope," he said, "but after this round (of meetings) it seems there is